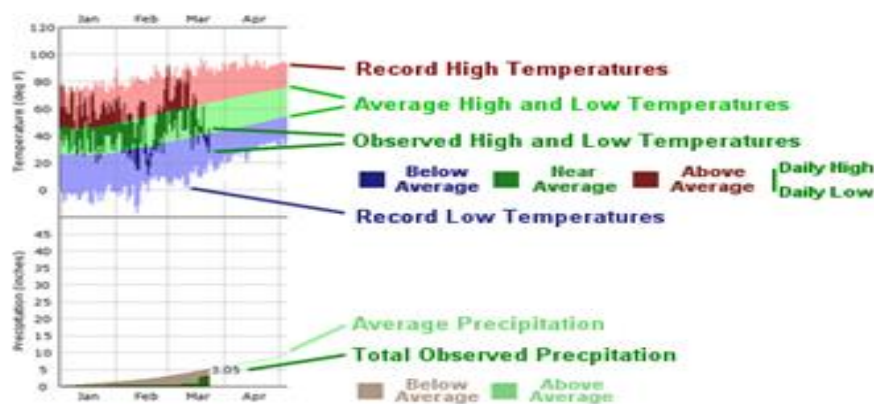
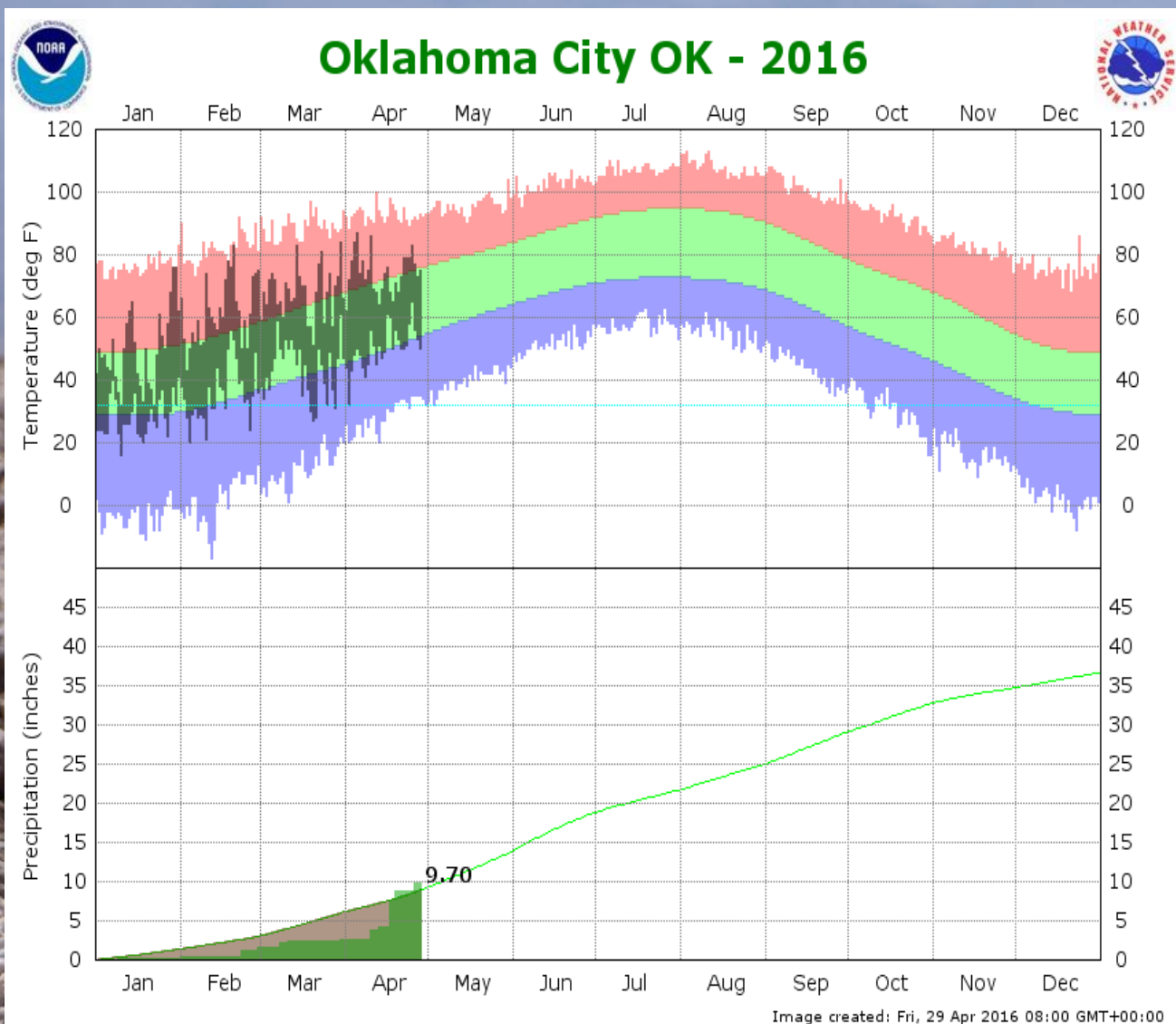


# **Drought Conditions in Central Oklahoma**



**Water Resources Division  
Association of Central Oklahoma Governments  
April 29, 2016**

# Temperature and Precipitation Plot for Oklahoma City, Oklahoma for 2016



<http://www.srh.noaa.gov/oun/climate/graphdisplay.php?city=okc&year=2016>

# Rainfall Summaries by Oklahoma Climate Division

Calendar Year 01-Jan-2016 through

28-Apr-2016

Climate Division	Total Rainfall	Departure from Normal	Pct of Normal	Rank since 1921 (88 periods)	Driest on Record	Wettest on Record
W. Central	6.82"	+0.27"	104%	32nd wettest	0.66" (1996)	13.07" (1997)
Central	9.48"	+0.03"	100%	35th wettest	1.40" (1936)	20.88" (1990)
S. Central	12.80"	+1.62"	114%	21st wettest	3.42" (1936)	27.44" (1990)
Statewide	9.12"	-0.27"	97%	41st wettest	2.38" (1936)	18.72" (1990)

Water Year: 01-Oct-2015 through

28-Apr-2016

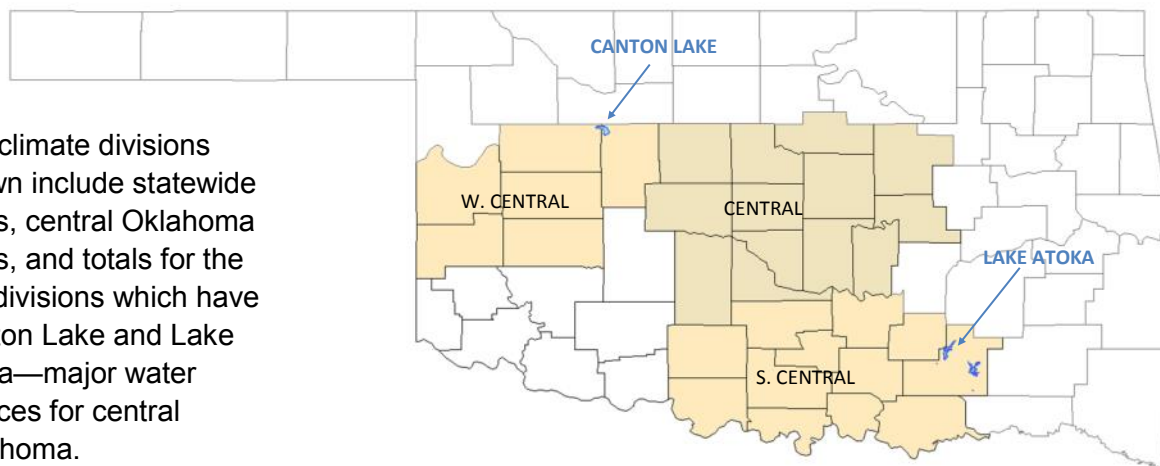
Climate Division	Total Rainfall	Departure from Normal	Pct of Normal	Rank since 1921 (88 periods)	Driest on Record	Wettest on Record
W. Central	14.81"	+2.72"	122%	13th wettest	2.94" (1995-96)	20.88" (1998-99)
Central	22.72"	+5.16"	129%	10th wettest	6.61" (2005-06)	31.69" (1984-85)
S. Central	33.81"	+12.94"	162%	1st wettest	6.33" (1955-56)	33.66" (1984-85)
Statewide	24.40"	+6.93"	140%	5th wettest	7.61" (1955-56)	27.33" (1972-73)

Spring: 01-Mar-2016 through

28-Apr-2016

Climate Division	Total Rainfall	Departure from Normal	Pct of Normal	Rank since 1921 (88 periods)	Driest on Record	Wettest on Record
W. Central	5.19"	+0.77"	117%	30th wettest	0.41" (1996)	10.25" (1973)
Central	7.35"	+1.22"	120%	23rd wettest	0.72" (1936)	14.66" (1990)
S. Central	10.32"	+3.58"	153%	12th wettest	1.02" (1956)	18.53" (1990)
Statewide	7.28"	+1.36"	123%	18th wettest	1.51" (1936)	12.27" (1973)

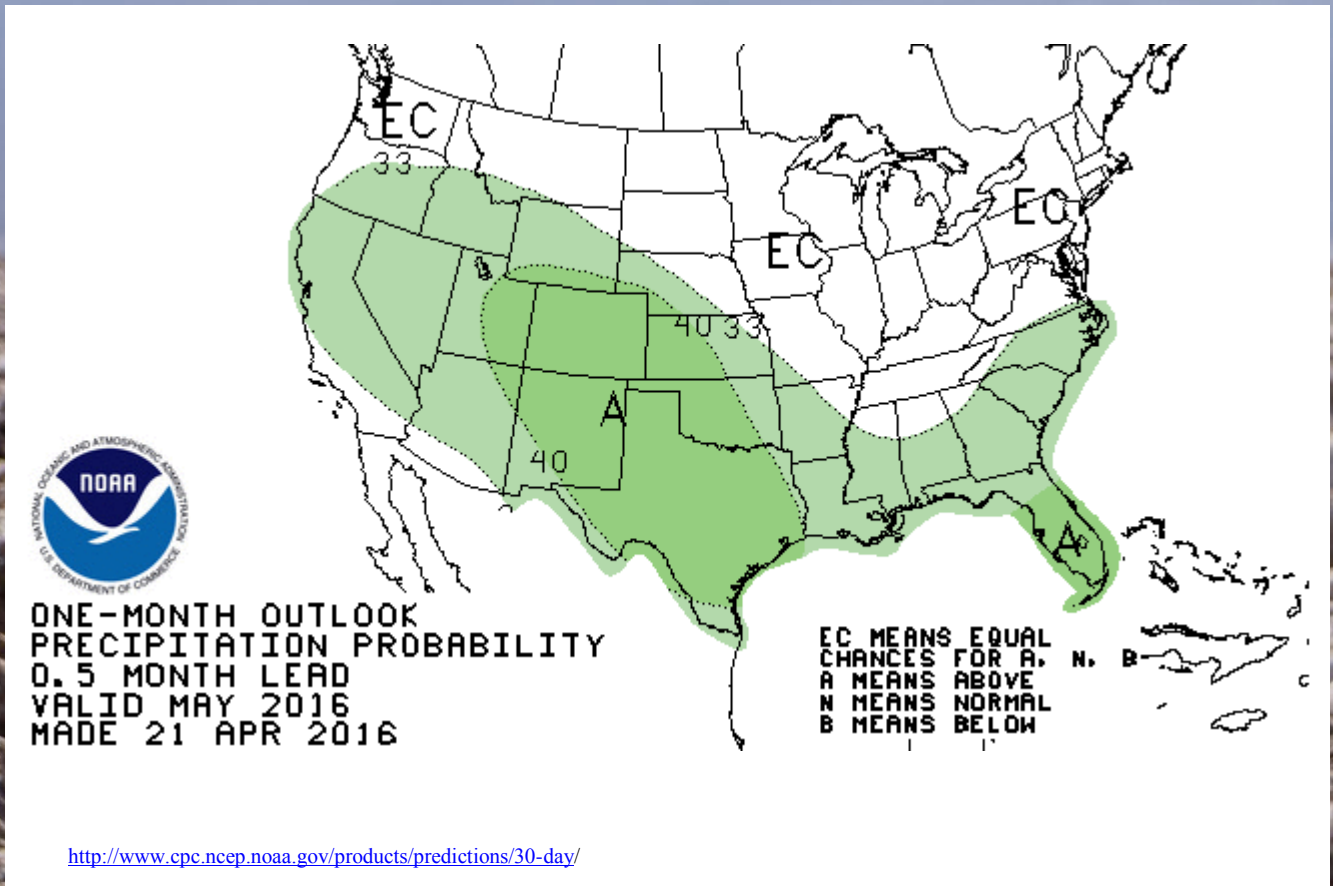
The climate divisions shown include statewide totals, central Oklahoma totals, and totals for the two divisions which have Canton Lake and Lake Atoka—major water sources for central Oklahoma.



[http://climate.ok.gov/index.php/drought/last\\_30\\_days/](http://climate.ok.gov/index.php/drought/last_30_days/)

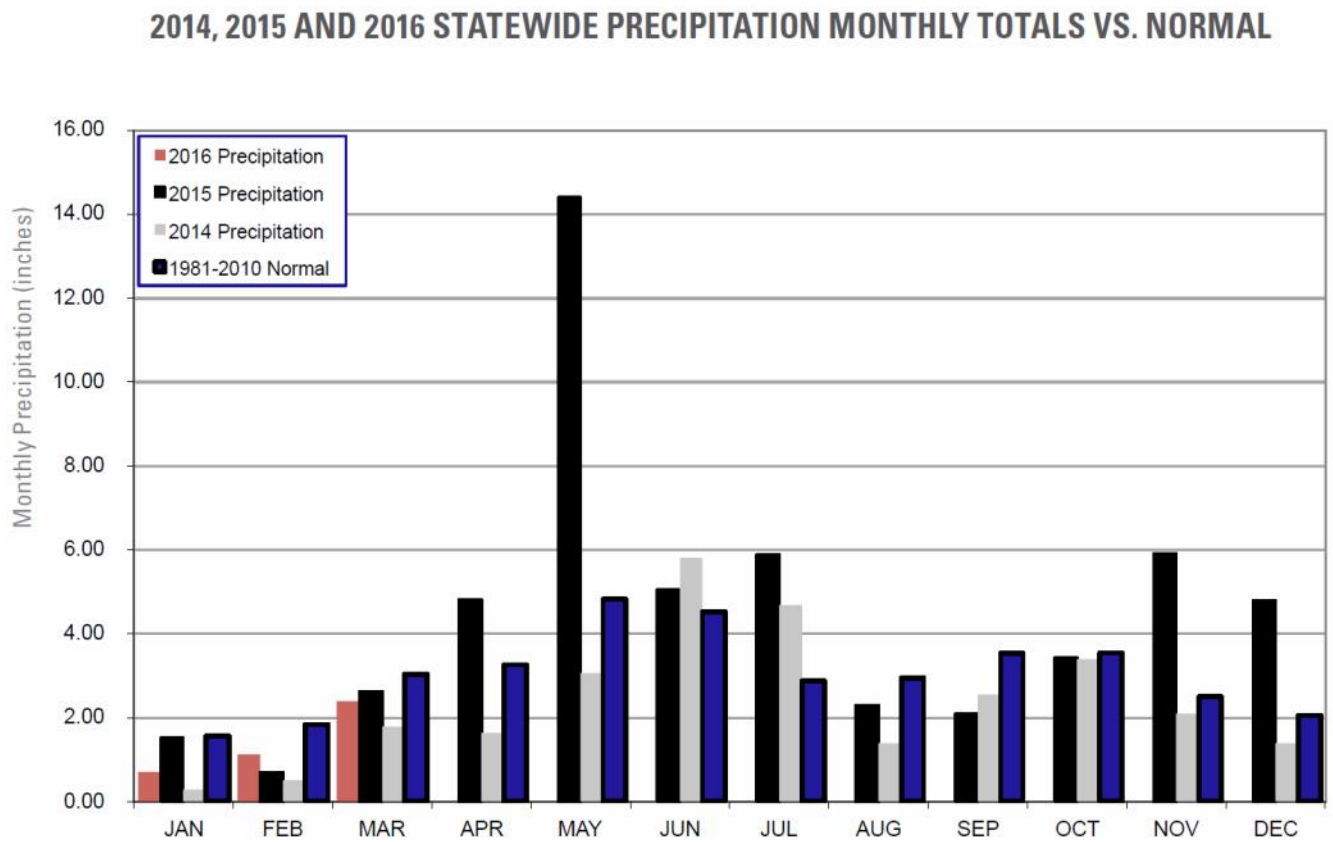
OKLAHOMA  
CLIMATOLOGICAL SURVEY

# NOAA One-Month Outlook



White areas are shown as EC (Equal Chance) on these maps represent areas where there are no strong climate signals from the climate tools to have skill in preferring one category over another. That doesn't mean that there are equal chances of each of the categories occurring – it means that currently there is no skill in identifying the most likely category. In these areas, it is best to be prepared for all possibilities.

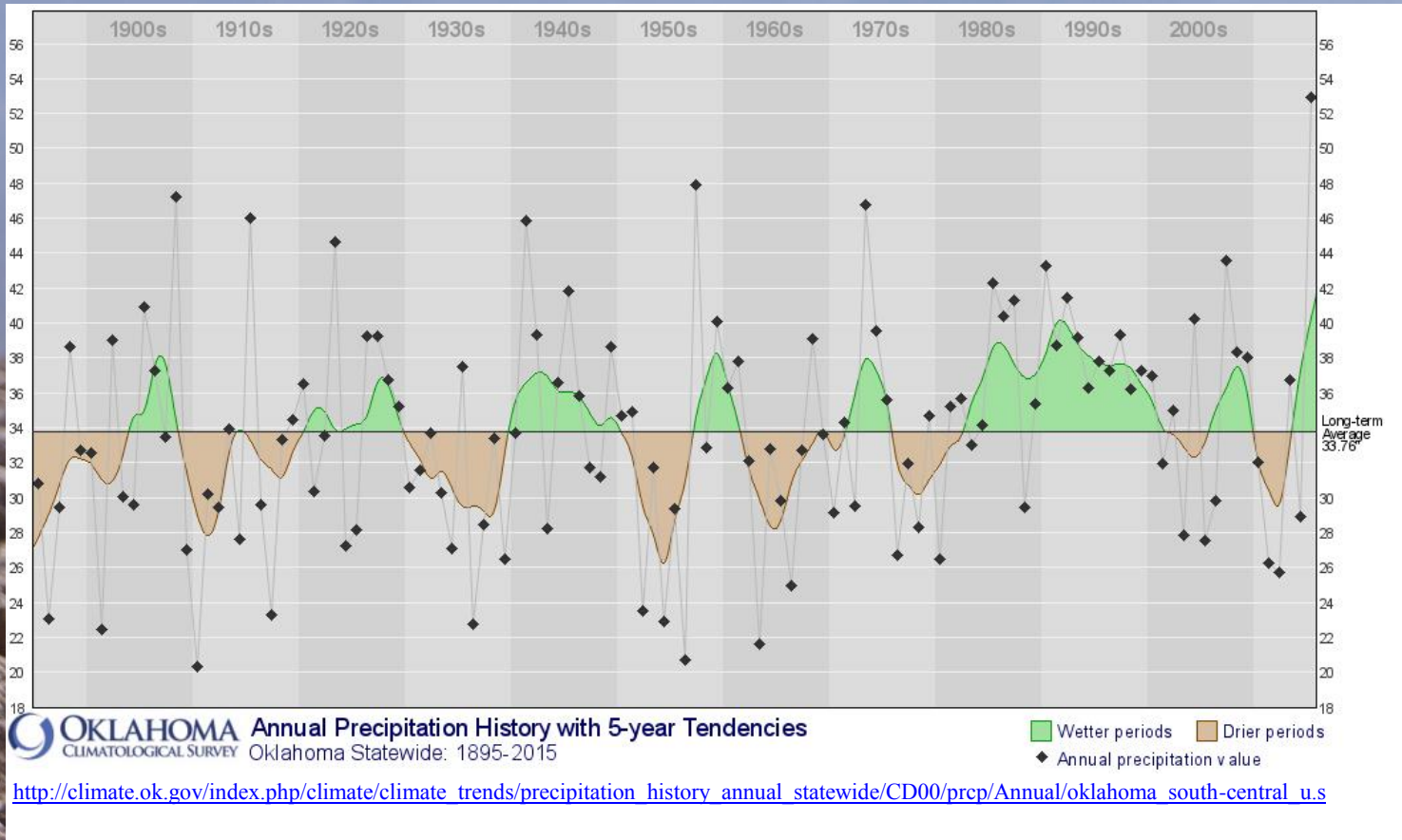
## Statewide Precipitation Monthly Totals vs. Normal



[http://climate.ok.gov/index.php/climate/summary/reports\\_summaries](http://climate.ok.gov/index.php/climate/summary/reports_summaries)

OKLAHOMA  
CLIMATOLOGICAL SURVEY

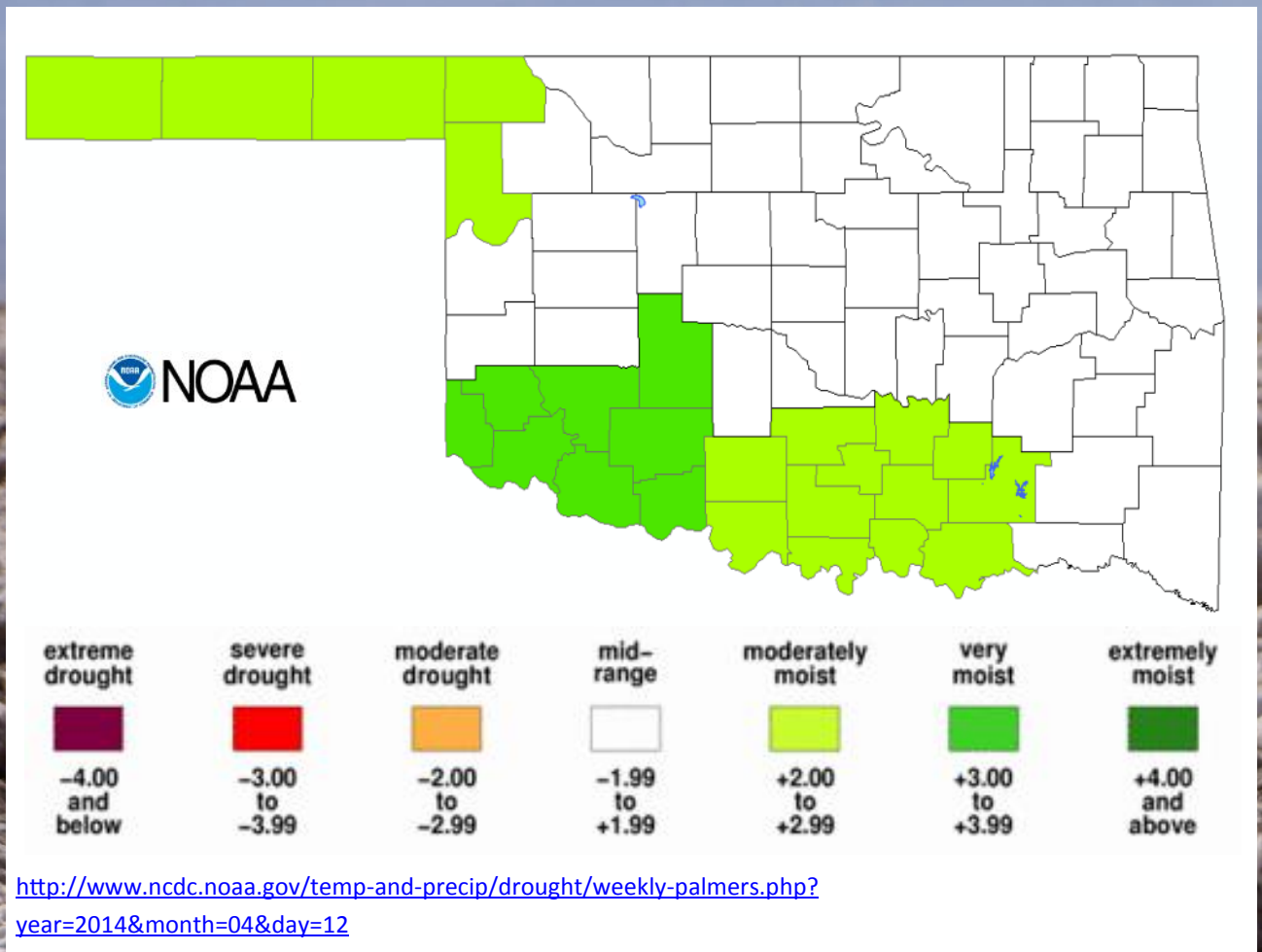
# Annual Precipitation History with 5-Year Tendencies



This graph shows the cyclical nature of wet and drought periods in Oklahoma. The black dots represent the annual precipitation for that particular year. The line represents the annual precipitation data smoothed over five years. This smoothed line shows well the wet periods (shaded green) and the drought periods (shaded brown). The drought cycles appear to average about five to eight years in length.

# Drought Severity Index by Climate Division

## Palmer Weekly Value for Period MAR 26 2016



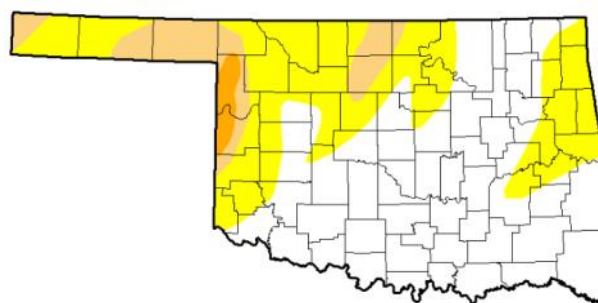
The Palmer Drought Index (PDI) maps show long-term (cumulative) meteorological drought and wet conditions. The maps show how the geographical pattern of the long-term (meteorological) moisture conditions has changed over the last 12 months. On these maps, the red shading denotes drought conditions while the green shading indicates wet conditions.

For an animated gif of the long term PDI see <http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/oa/climate/research/prelim/drought/pdiimage.html>.

# U.S. Drought Monitor

## Regional Map Week of 26 APR 2016

Week	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current <a href="#">2016-04-26</a>	56.23	43.77	10.30	1.65	0.00	0.00
Last Week <a href="#">2016-04-19</a>	56.23	43.77	10.25	1.65	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago <a href="#">2016-01-26</a>	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year <a href="#">2015-12-29</a>	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year <a href="#">2015-09-29</a>	52.60	47.40	16.79	6.37	0.97	0.00
One Year Ago <a href="#">2015-04-28</a>	30.08	69.92	59.29	47.51	24.34	4.13



### U.S. Drought Monitor Oklahoma

Estimated Population in Drought Areas: **80,549**

#### Intensity:

■ D0 - Abnormally Dry  
■ D1 - Moderate Drought  
■ D2 - Severe Drought

■ D3 - Extreme Drought  
■ D4 - Exceptional Drought

<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/Home/StateDroughtMonitor.aspx?OK>

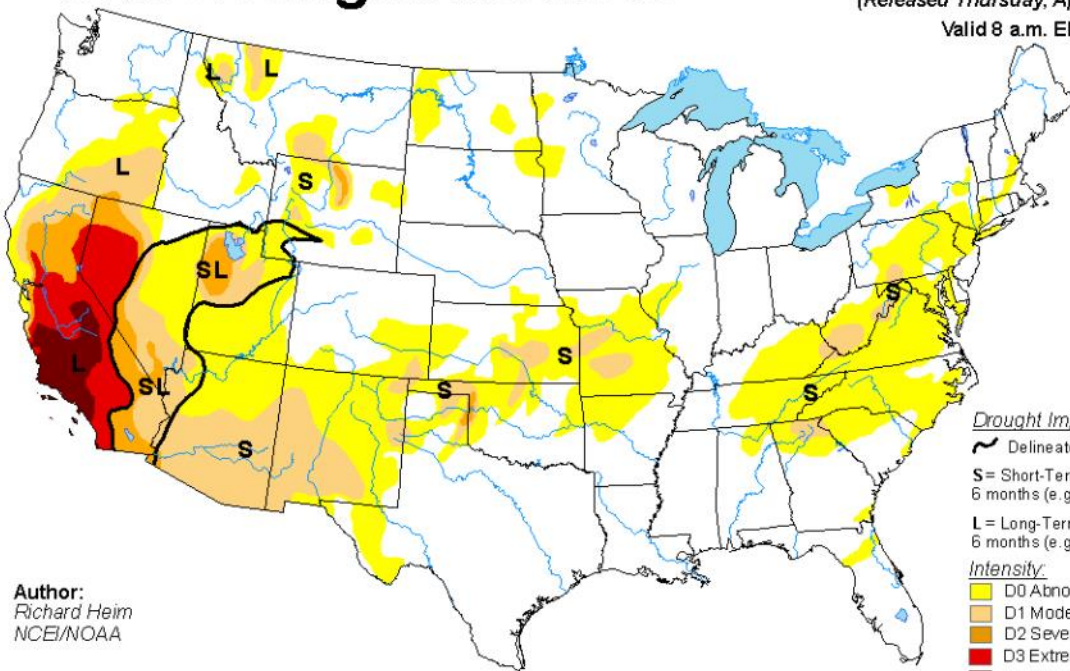
# U.S. Drought Monitor Nationwide Map

## U.S. Drought Monitor

April 26, 2016

(Released Thursday, Apr. 28, 2016)

Valid 8 a.m. EDT



Author:  
Richard Heim  
NCEI/NOAA

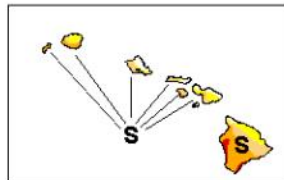
### Drought Impact Types:

- ~ Delineates dominant impacts
- S = Short-Term, typically less than 6 months (e.g. agriculture, grasslands)
- L = Long-Term, typically greater than 6 months (e.g. hydrology, ecology)

### Intensity:

- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.



<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>

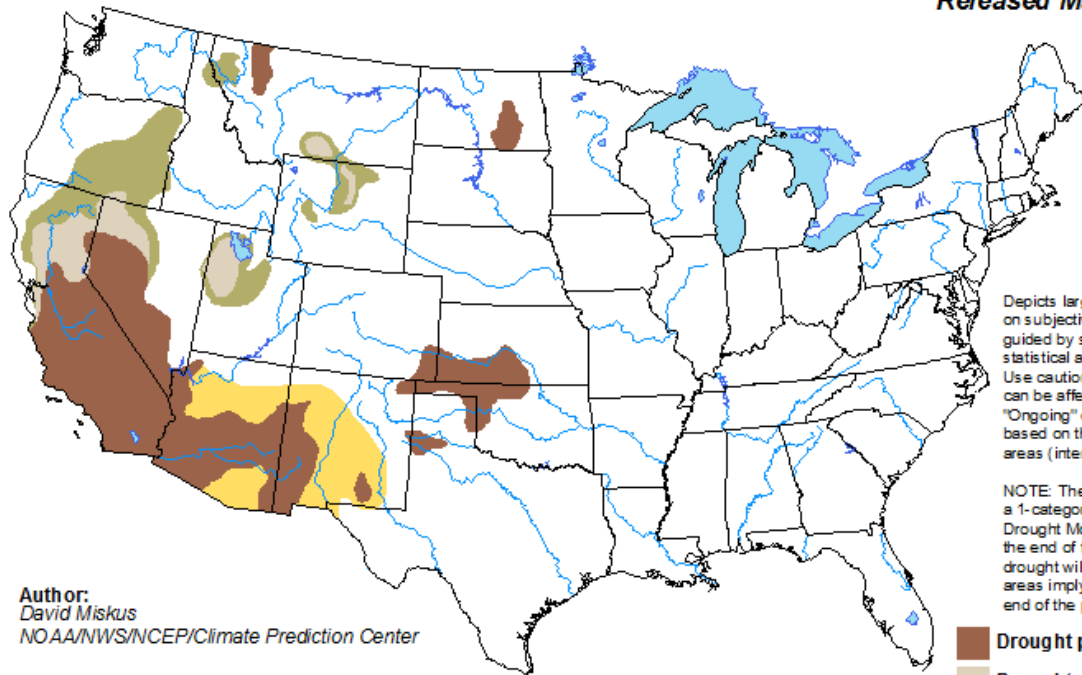
<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu>

# U.S. Drought Monitor

## Monthly Drought Outlook Map

### U.S. Monthly Drought Outlook Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for April 2016  
Released March 31, 2016



Author:  
David Miskus  
NOAA/NWS/NCEP/Climate Prediction Center

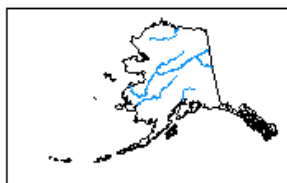
Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Use caution for applications that can be affected by short lived events. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4).

NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none).

- Drought persists
- Drought remains but improves
- Drought removal likely
- Drought development likely



<http://go.usa.gov/3eZGd>



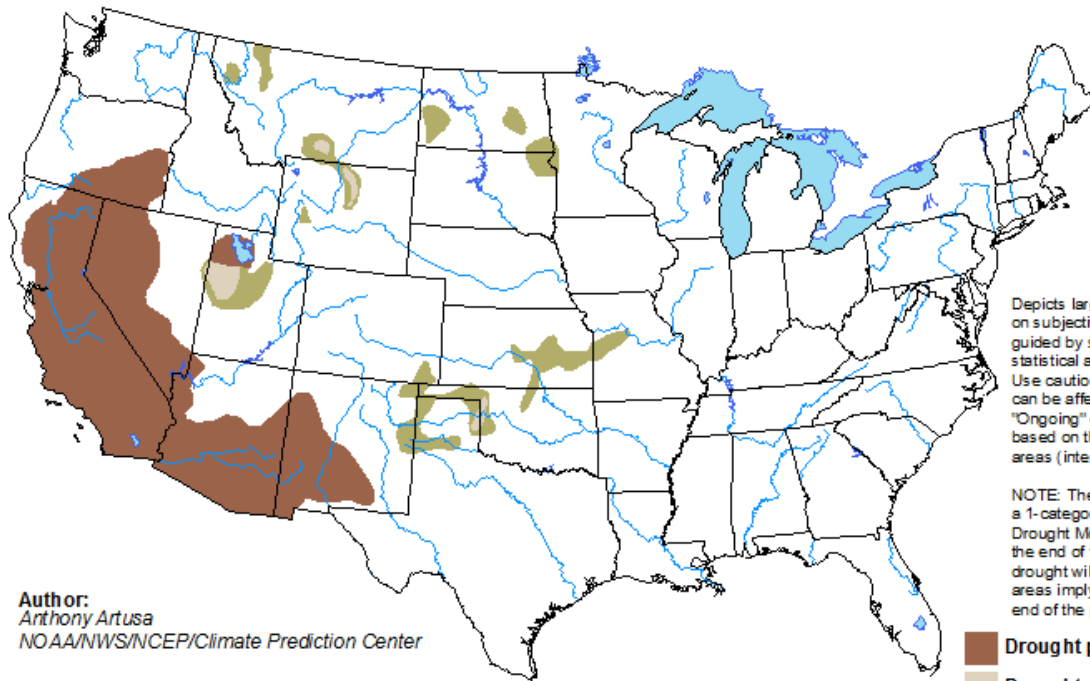
[http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/expert\\_assessment/mdo\\_summary.php](http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/expert_assessment/mdo_summary.php)

# U.S. Drought Monitor

## Seasonal Drought Outlook Map

### U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for April 21 - July 31, 2016  
Released April 21, 2016

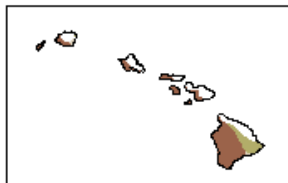
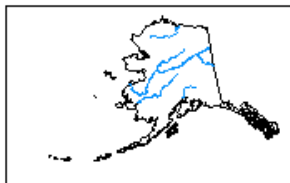


Author:  
Anthony Artusa  
NOAA/NWS/NCEP/Climate Prediction Center

Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Use caution for applications that can be affected by short lived events. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4).

NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none).

- Drought persists
- Drought remains but improves
- Drought removal likely
- Drought development likely

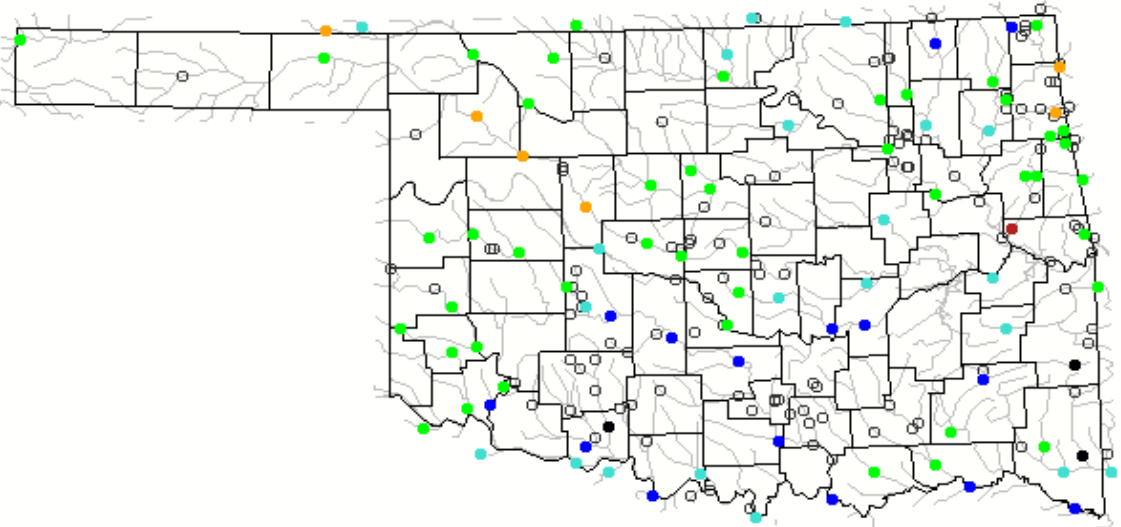


<http://go.usa.gov/3eZ73>

[http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/expert\\_assessment/sdo\\_summary.php](http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/expert_assessment/sdo_summary.php)

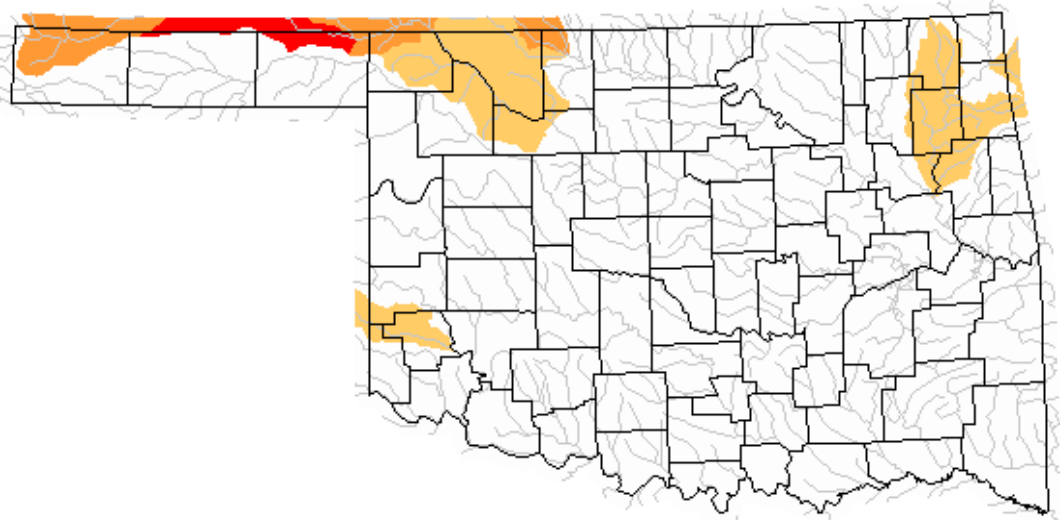
# USGS Streamflow Data

Friday, April 29, 2016 11:30ET



Explanation - Percentile classes							
<span style="color: red;">●</span>	<span style="color: red;">●</span>	<span style="color: orange;">●</span>	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	<span style="color: cyan;">●</span>	<span style="color: blue;">●</span>	<span style="color: black;">●</span>	<span style="color: gray;">○</span>
Low	<10 Much below normal	10-24 Below normal	25-75 Normal	76-90 Above normal	>90 Much above normal	High	Not-ranked

Monday, February 29, 2016



Explanation - Percentile classes				
<span style="background-color: red; color: black;">Low</span>	<span style="background-color: darkred; color: black;">≤5</span>	<span style="background-color: orange; color: black;">6-9</span>	<span style="background-color: yellow; color: black;">10-24</span>	<span style="background-color: lightgray; color: black;">Insufficient data for a hydrologic region</span>
Extreme hydrologic drought	Severe hydrologic drought	Moderate hydrologic drought	Below normal	

<http://waterwatch.usgs.gov/new/?m=real&r=ok&w=map>

<http://waterwatch.usgs.gov/new/index.php?m=dryw&r=ok>



## SOIL MOISTURE MAP

**1-day Average 24-inch Fractional Water Index**

April 28, 2016  
Created 7:30:14 AM April 29, 2016 CDT. © Copyright 2016

- 1.0 - 0.8 Enhanced Growth
- 0.8 - 0.5 Limited Growth
- 0.5 - 0.3 Plants Wilting
- 0.3 - 0.1 Plants Dying
- < 0.1 Barren Soil

[http://www.mesonet.org/index.php/weather/map/24-inch\\_fractional\\_water\\_index/soil\\_moisture](http://www.mesonet.org/index.php/weather/map/24-inch_fractional_water_index/soil_moisture)



acog

PAGE 13

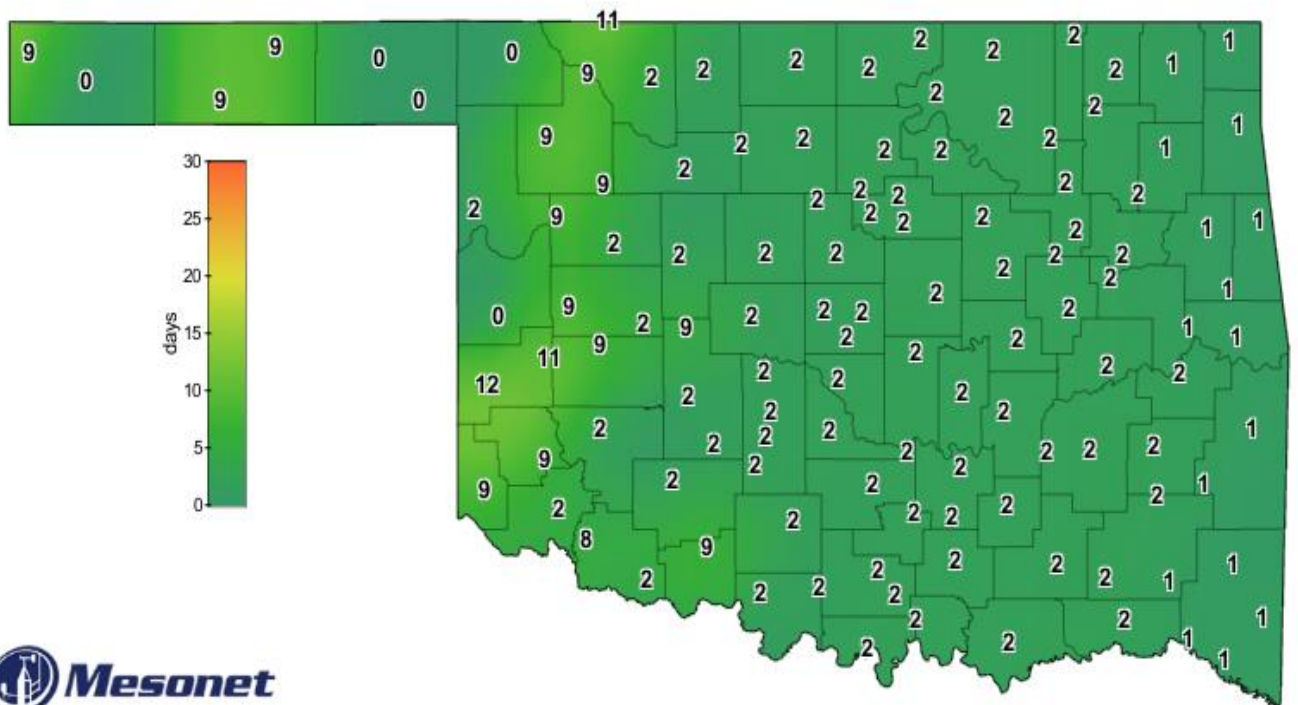


April 28, 2016

Created 7:30:14 AM April 29, 2016 CDT. © Copyright 2016



## CONSECUTIVE DAYS WITHOUT RAINFALL MAP



Consecutive Days With Less Than 0.25" Rainfall

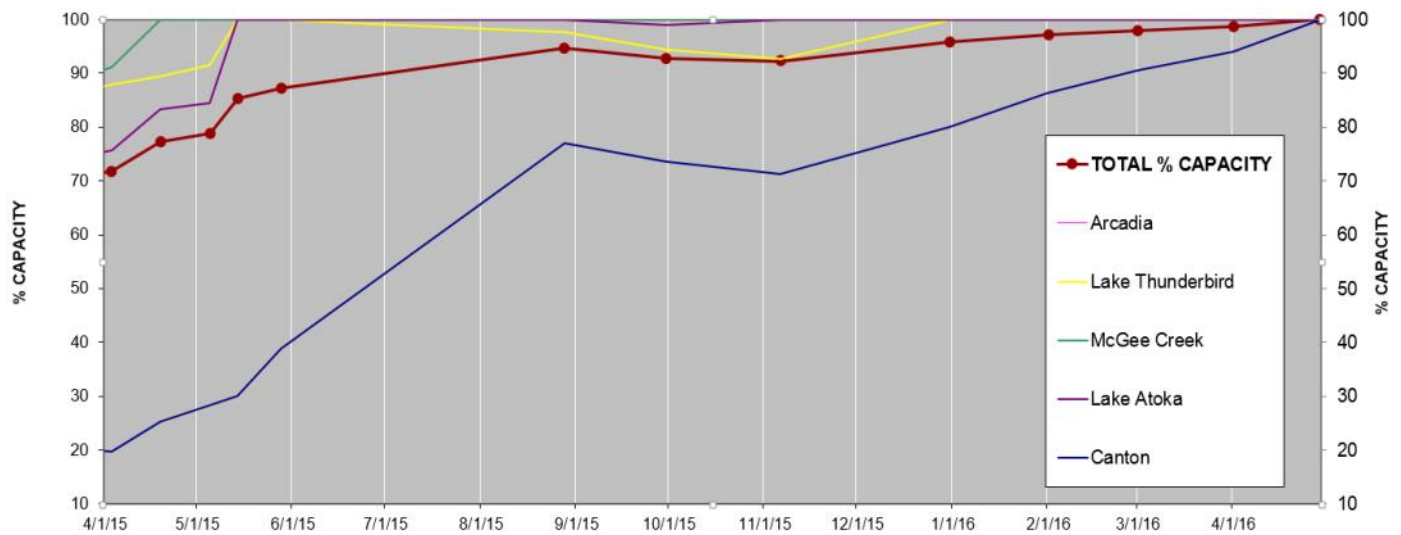
April 28, 2016

Created 8:15:02 AM April 29, 2016 CDT. © Copyright 2016

<http://www.mesonet.org/index.php/weather/map/>

[consecutive days with less than 0.25 inches Rainfall/rainfall](#)

## Percent of Surface Water Conservation Storage Central OK Reservoirs



Lake Hefner and Lake Overholser are terminal storage for Canton Lake. Lake Draper is terminal storage for McGee Creek and Atoka Lakes.

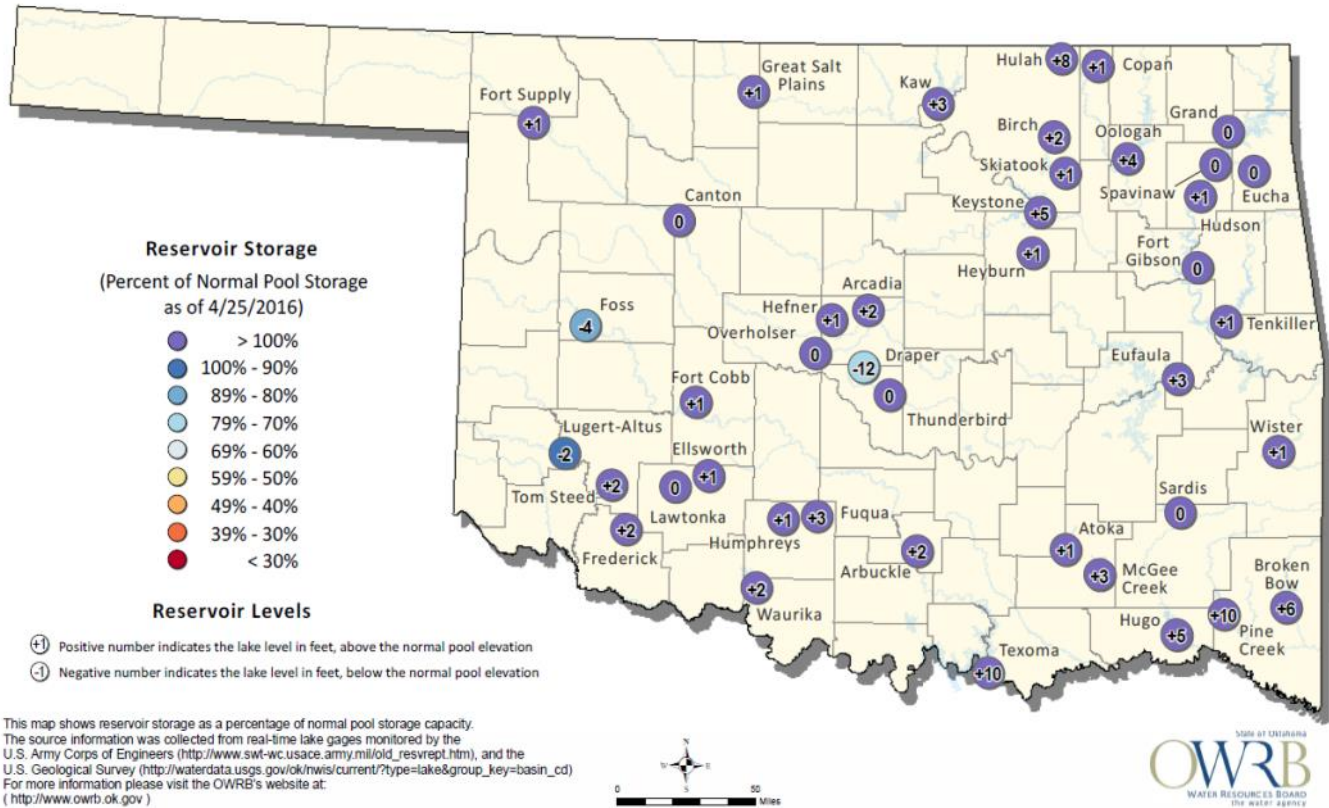
LAKE	% CAPACITY	% CHANGE FROM 4/1/2016
Canton	100.0	6.0
Arcadia	100.0	0.0
Lake Thunderbird	100.0	0.0
McGee Creek	100.0	0.0
Lake Atoka	100.0	0.0
TOTAL % CAPACITY	100.0	1.3

[http://www.swf-wc.usace.army.mil/old\\_resvrep.htm](http://www.swf-wc.usace.army.mil/old_resvrep.htm) [http://waterdata.usgs.gov/ok/nwis/dv/?site\\_no=07333010&agency\\_cd=USGS&referred\\_module=sw](http://waterdata.usgs.gov/ok/nwis/dv/?site_no=07333010&agency_cd=USGS&referred_module=sw)

The graph is the amount of water stored in five major lakes that supply water to central Oklahoma as a percent of capacity over the past year.

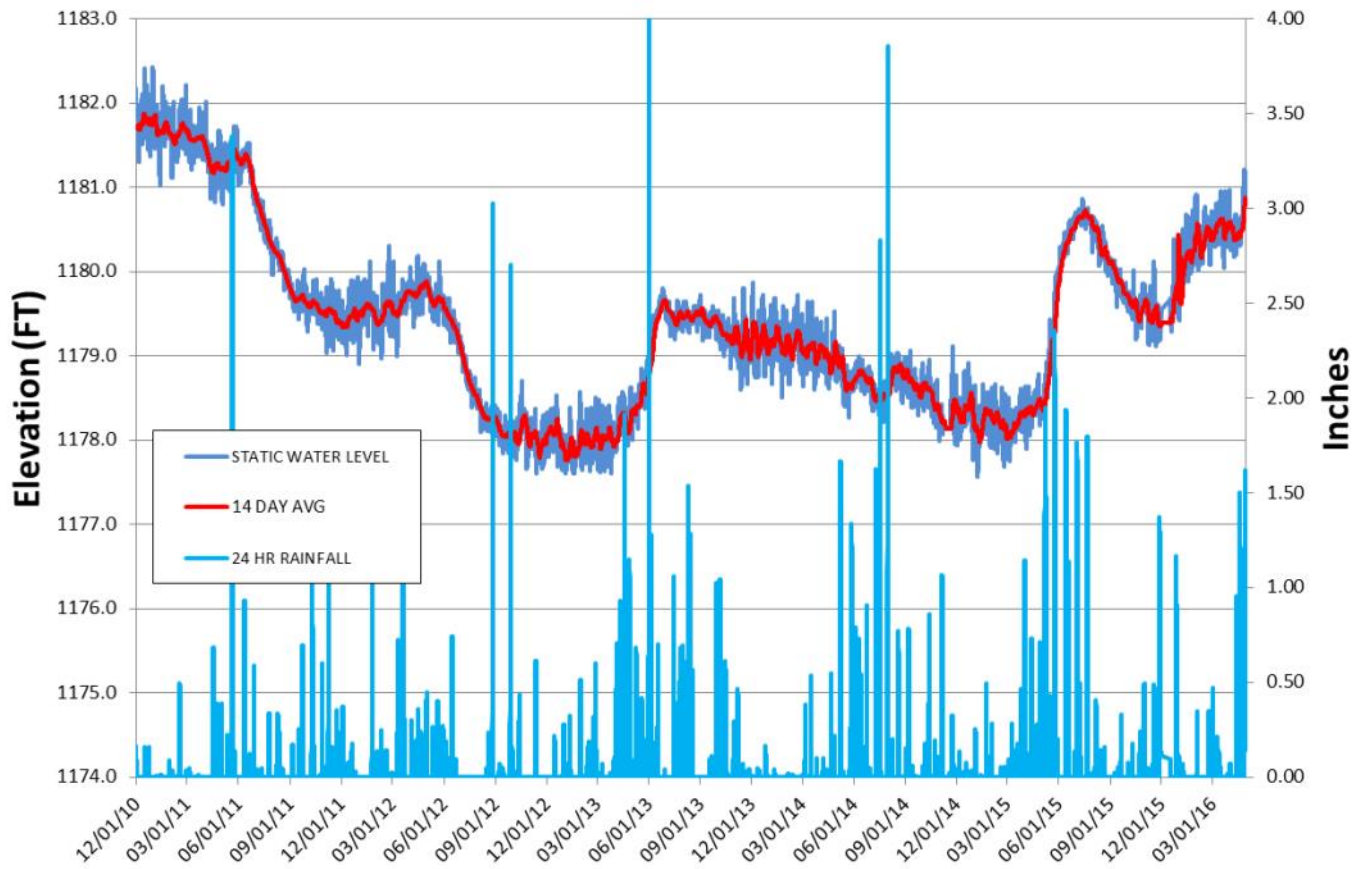
## Oklahoma Surface Water Resources

### Reservoir Levels and Storage as of 4/25/2016



[http://www.owrb.ok.gov/maps/pdf\\_map/Monthly%20Reservoir%20Storage.pdf](http://www.owrb.ok.gov/maps/pdf_map/Monthly%20Reservoir%20Storage.pdf)

## Groundwater Levels Spencer Mesonet Station

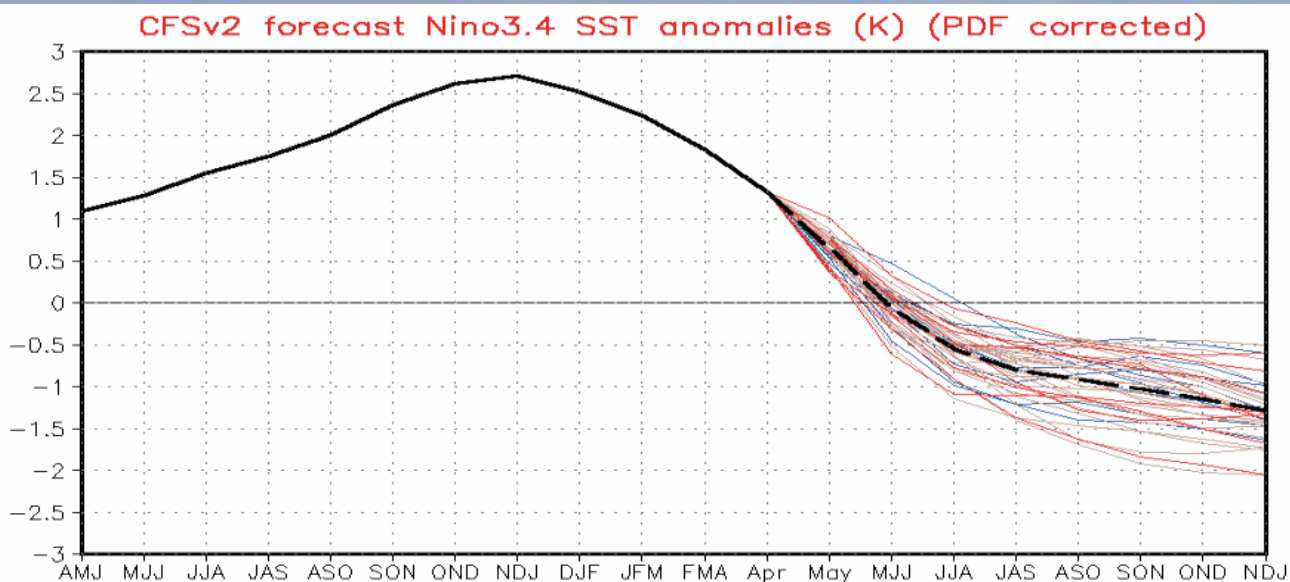


<http://www.mesonet.org/index.php/weather/groundwater>

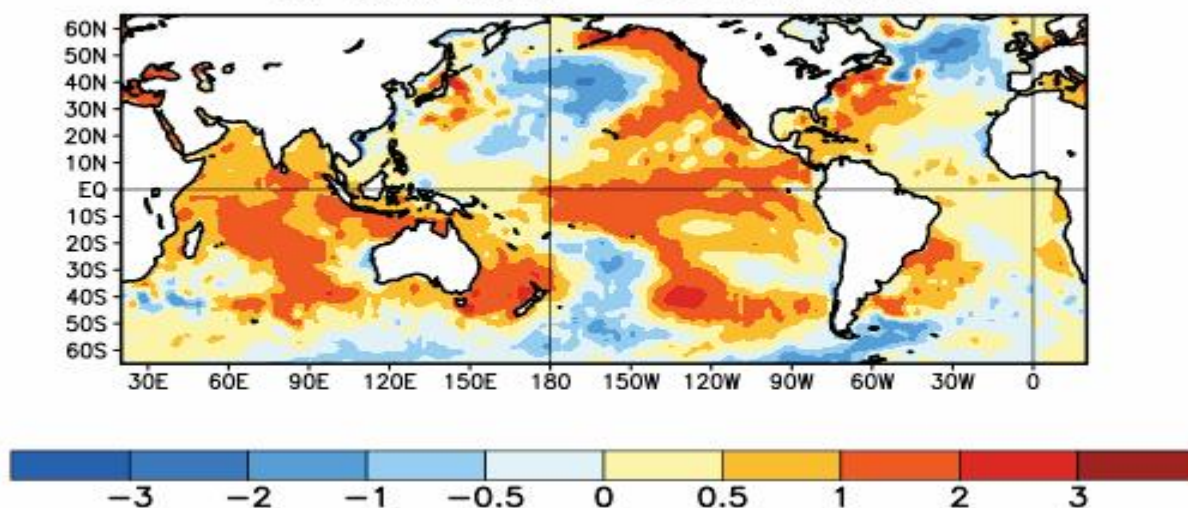


# ENSO Cycle

## Recent Evolution, Current Status and Predictions



Average SST Anomalies  
27 MAR 2016 – 23 APR 2016



### Summary

ENSO Alert System Status: El Niño Advisory

- A strong El Niño is present and is weakening.\*
- Positive equatorial sea surface temperature (SST) anomalies continue across most of the Pacific Ocean.
- A transition to ENSO-neutral is likely during late Northern Hemisphere spring or early summer 2016, with an increasing chance of La Niña during the second half of the year.