

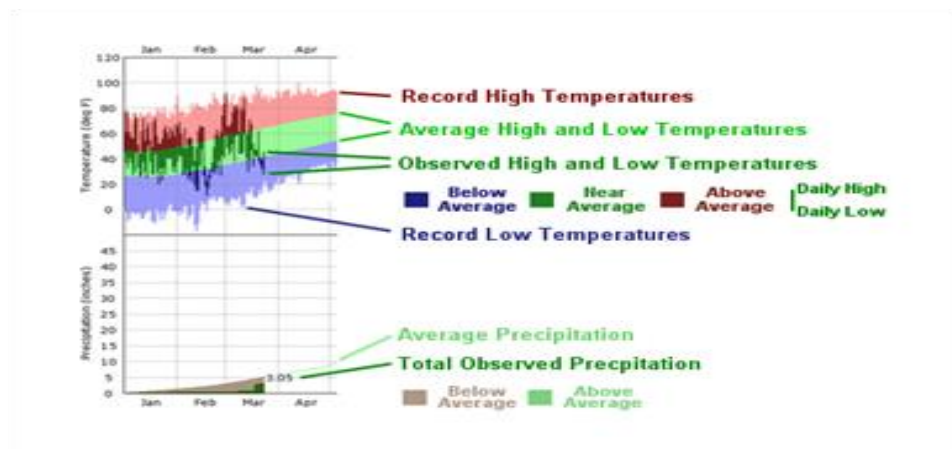
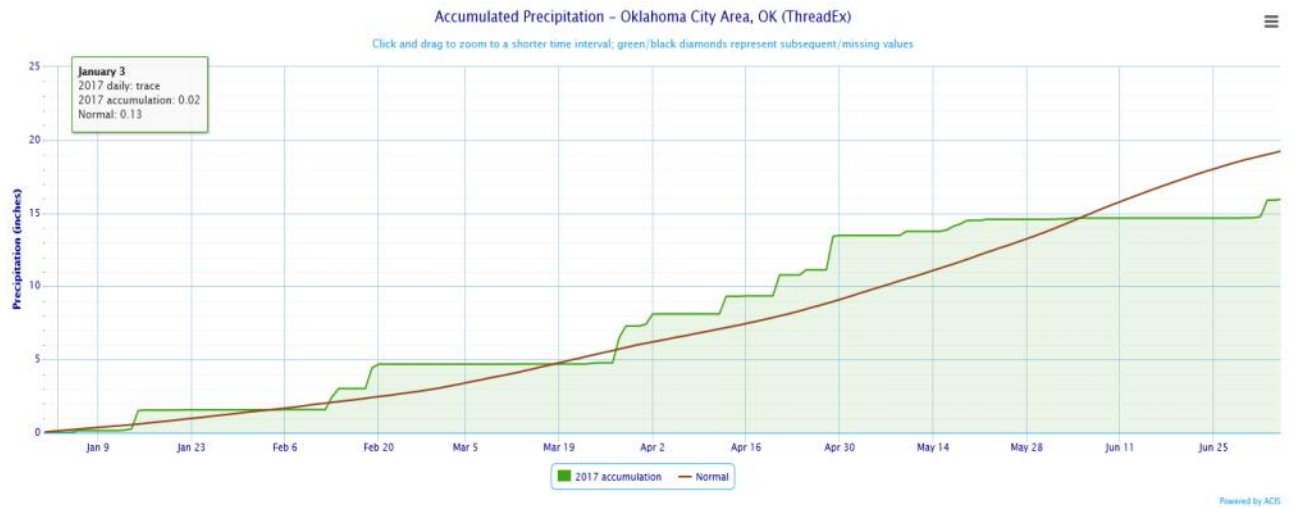
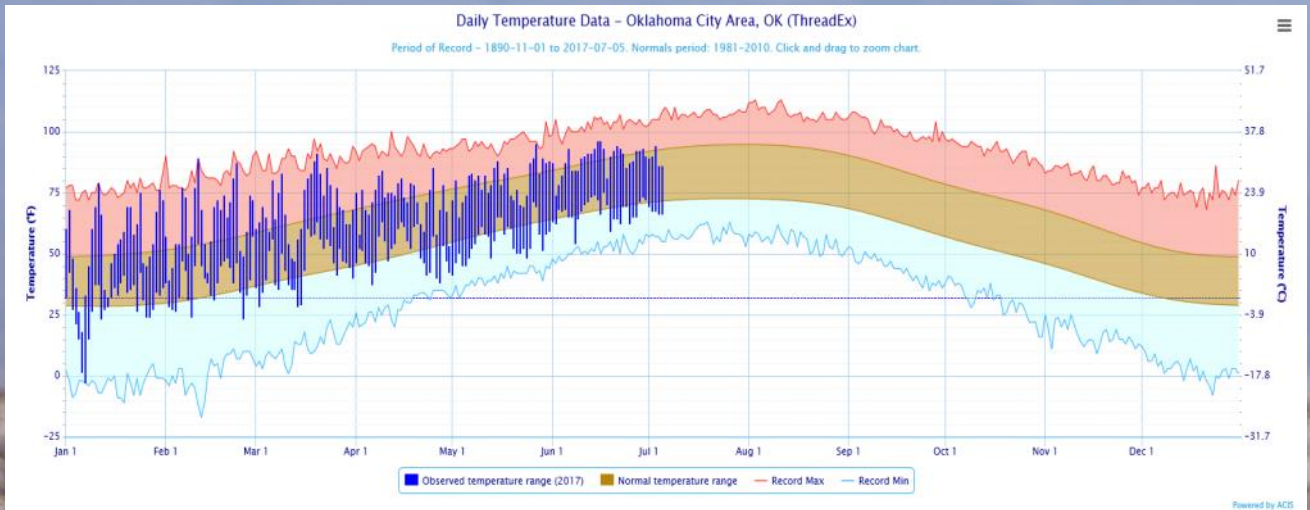
# **Drought Conditions in Central Oklahoma**



**Water Resources Division  
Association of Central Oklahoma Governments  
July 5, 2017**



# Temperature and Precipitation Plot for Oklahoma City, Oklahoma for 2017



<http://xmacis.rcc-acis.org/>

# Rainfall Summaries by Oklahoma Climate Division

Calendar Year 01-Jan-2017 through

04-Jul-2017

Climate Division	Total Rainfall	Departure from Normal	Pct of Normal	Rank since 1921 (88 periods)	Driest on Record	Wettest on Record
W. Central	18.20"	+2.93"	119%	19th wettest	4.88" (2011)	25.59" (1957)
Central	23.54"	+3.34"	117%	21st wettest	8.32" (1936)	34.37" (1957)
S. Central	23.97"	+1.85"	108%	23rd wettest	9.83" (1963)	43.70" (2015)
Statewide	23.49"	+4.04"	121%	13th wettest	9.20" (1936)	32.91" (1957)

Water Year: 01-Oct-2016 through

04-Jul-2017

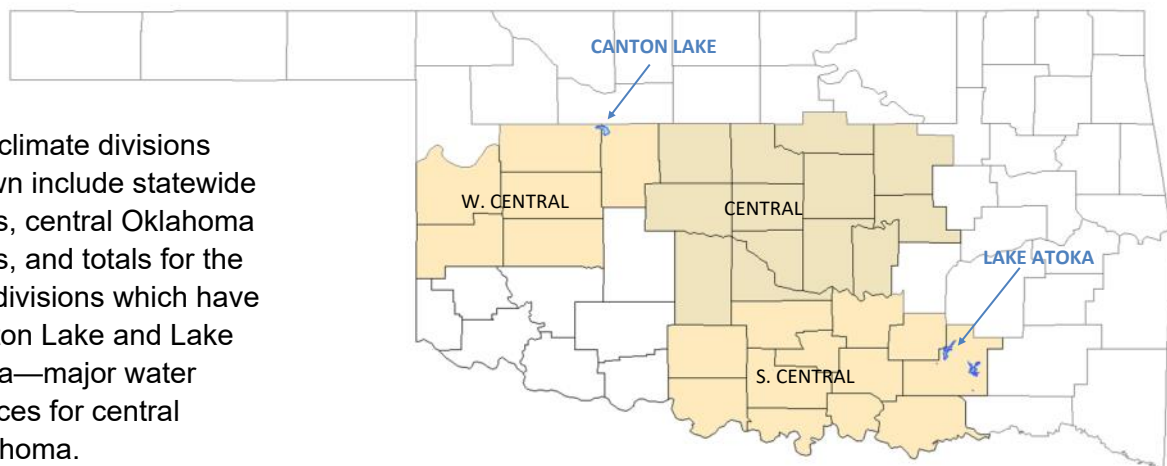
Climate Division	Total Rainfall	Departure from Normal	Pct of Normal	Rank since 1921 (88 periods)	Driest on Record	Wettest on Record
W. Central	20.58"	-0.23"	99%	37th wettest	9.42" (2010-11)	31.32" (2006-07)
Central	26.76"	-1.55"	95%	40th wettest	14.23" (1995-96)	43.52" (1984-85)
S. Central	28.91"	-2.90"	91%	47th wettest	13.41" (1924-25)	52.52" (2014-15)
Statewide	27.41"	-0.12"	100%	40th wettest	14.54" (1955-56)	38.85" (1956-57)

Summer: 01-Jun 2017 through

04-Jul-2017

Climate Division	Total Rainfall	Departure from Normal	Pct of Normal	Rank since 1921 (88 periods)	Driest on Record	Wettest on Record
W. Central	2.78"	-1.68"	62%	27th driest	0.61" (1933)	8.84" (1962)
Central	4.15"	-1.24"	77%	45th driest	0.51" (1933)	13.65" (2007)
S. Central	5.80"	+0.55"	111%	24th wettest	0.19" (1933)	11.84" (2007)
Statewide	4.84"	-0.12"	98%	42nd wettest	0.54" (1933)	10.77" (2007)

The climate divisions shown include statewide totals, central Oklahoma totals, and totals for the two divisions which have Canton Lake and Lake Atoka—major water sources for central Oklahoma.

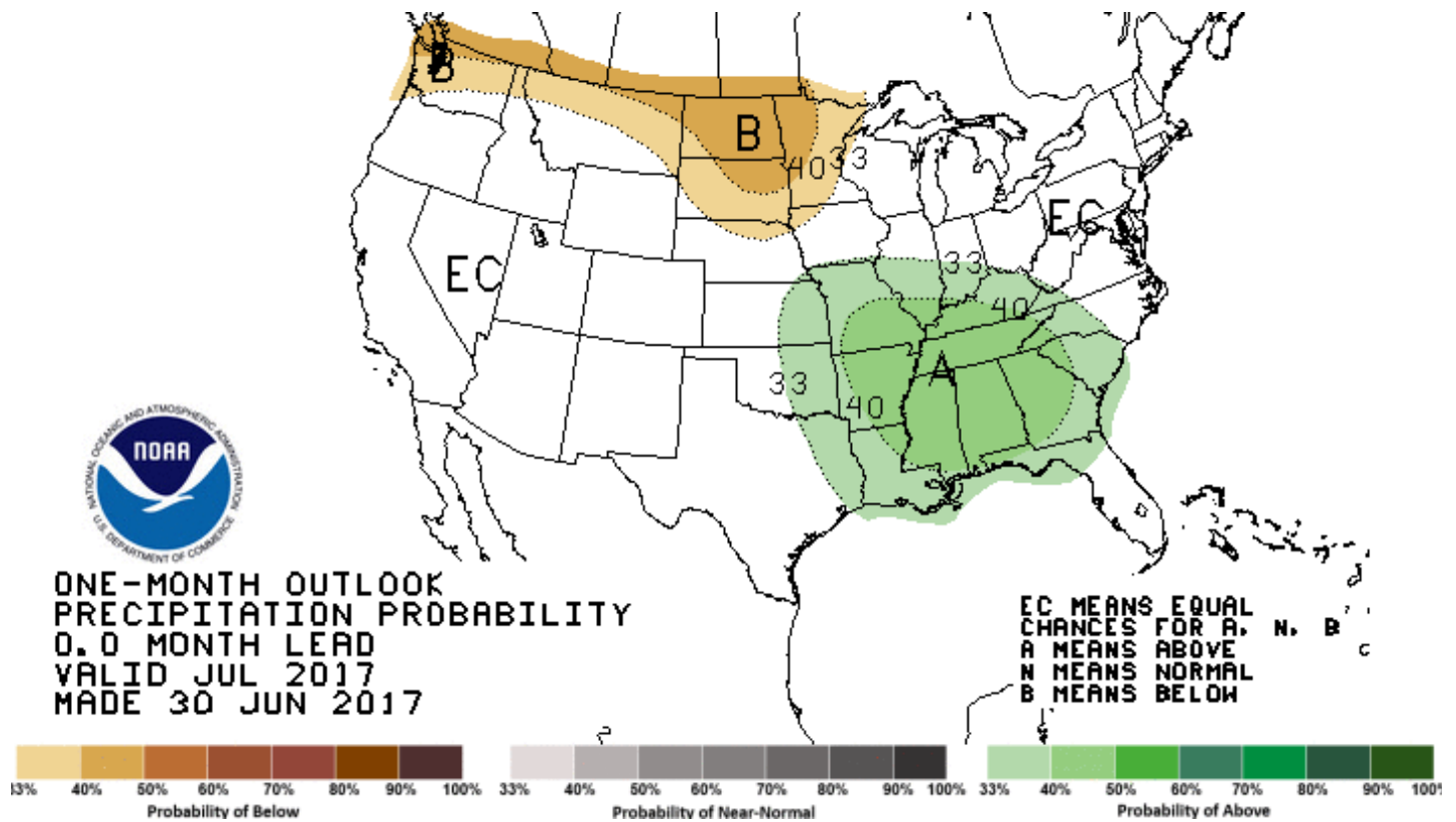


[http://climate.ok.gov/index.php/drought/last\\_30\\_days/](http://climate.ok.gov/index.php/drought/last_30_days/)

OKLAHOMA  
CLIMATOLOGICAL SURVEY



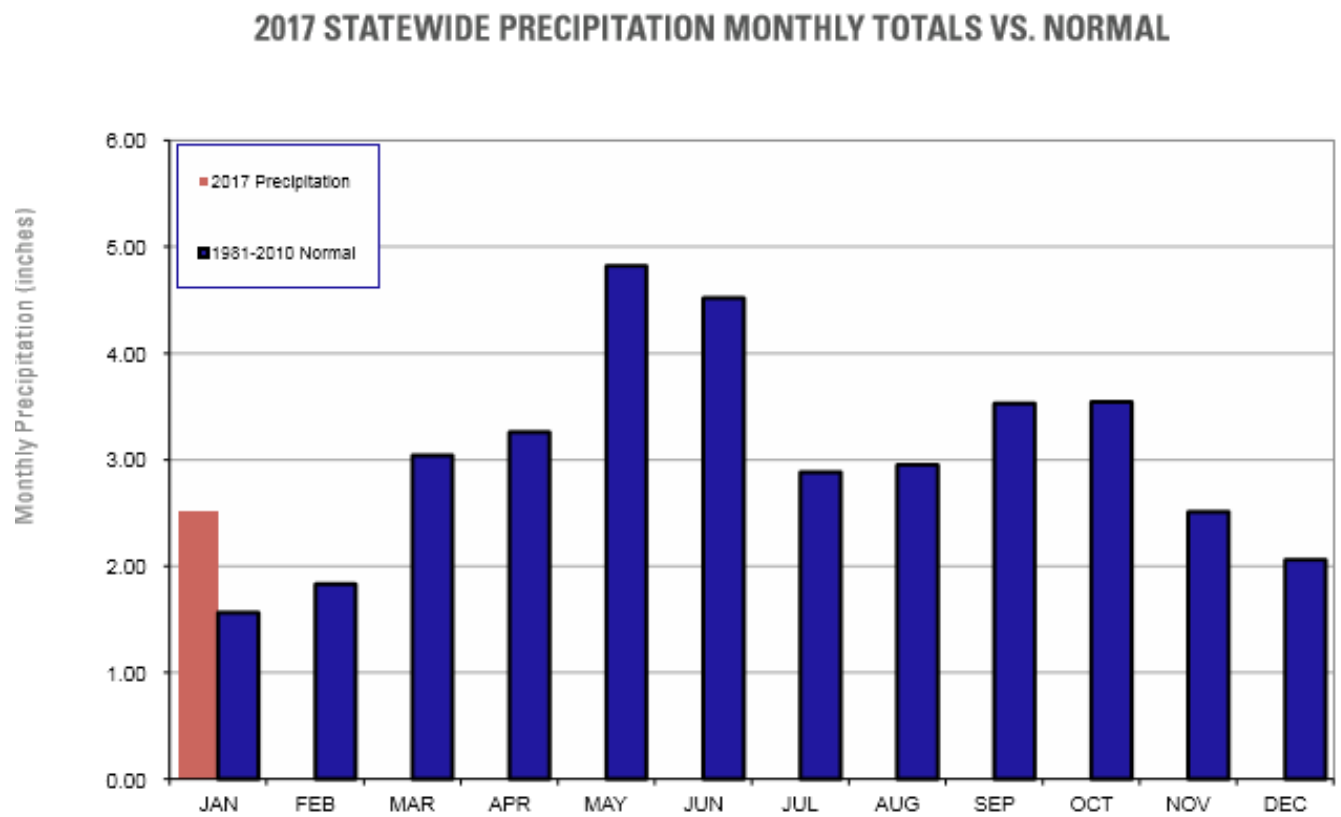
# NOAA One-Month Outlook



<http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/predictions/30-day/>

White areas are shown as EC (Equal Chance) on these maps represent areas where there are no strong climate signals from the climate tools to have skill in preferring one category over another. That doesn't mean that there are equal chances of each of the categories occurring – it means that currently there is no skill in identifying the most likely category. In these areas, it is best to be prepared for all possibilities.

## Statewide Precipitation Monthly Totals vs. Normal

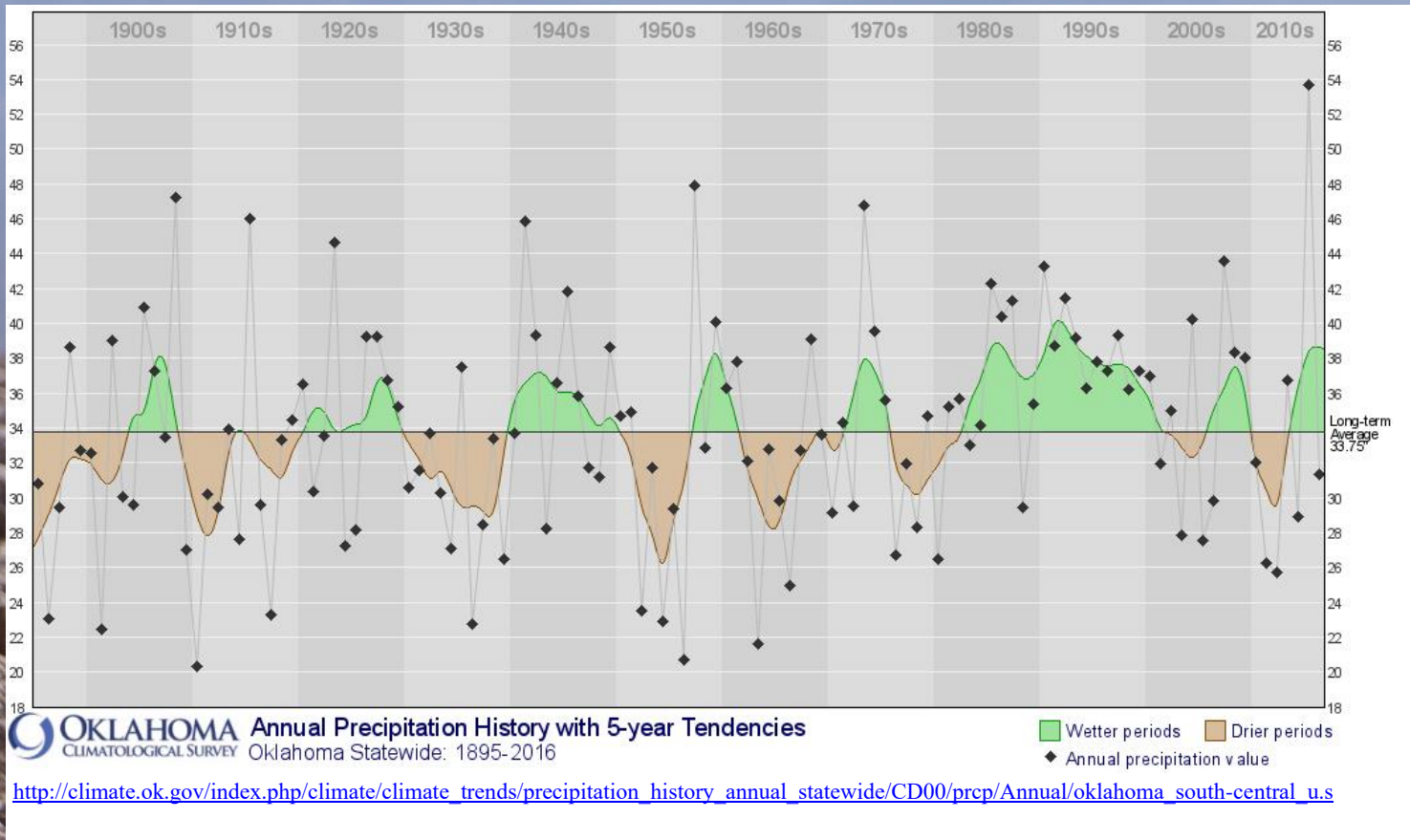


[http://climate.ok.gov/index.php/climate/summary/reports\\_summaries](http://climate.ok.gov/index.php/climate/summary/reports_summaries)

OKLAHOMA  
CLIMATOLOGICAL SURVEY



# Annual Precipitation History with 5-Year Tendencies

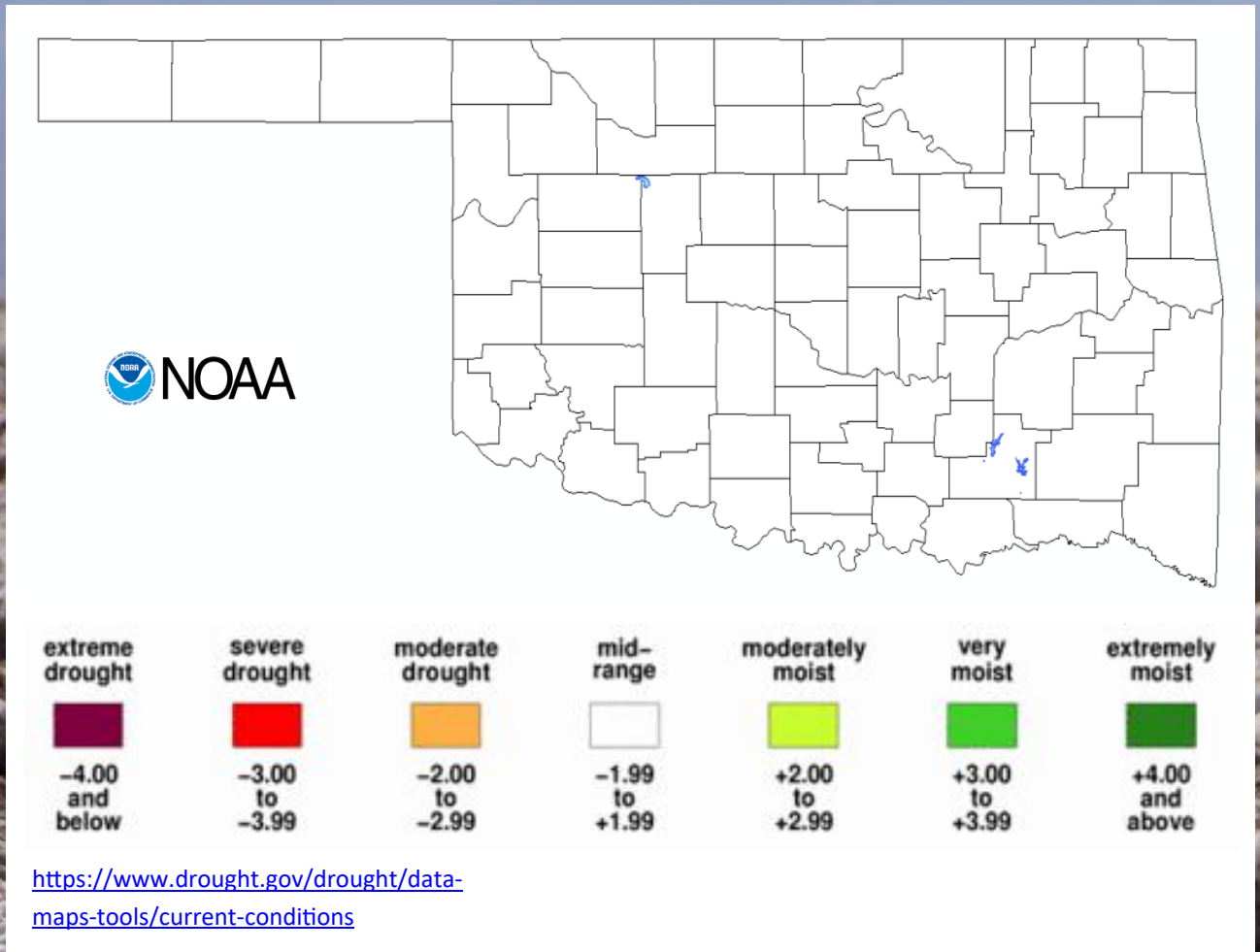


This graph shows the cyclical nature of wet and drought periods in Oklahoma. The black dots represent the annual precipitation for that particular year. The line represents the annual precipitation data smoothed over five years. This smoothed line shows well the wet periods (shaded green) and the drought periods (shaded brown). The drought cycles appear to average about five to eight years in length.



# Drought Severity Index by Climate Division

## Palmer Weekly Value for Period JUL 2017



The Palmer Drought Index (PDI) maps show long-term (cumulative) meteorological drought and wet conditions. The maps show how the geographical pattern of the long-term (meteorological) moisture conditions has changed over the last 12 months. On these maps, the red shading denotes drought conditions while the green shading indicates wet conditions.

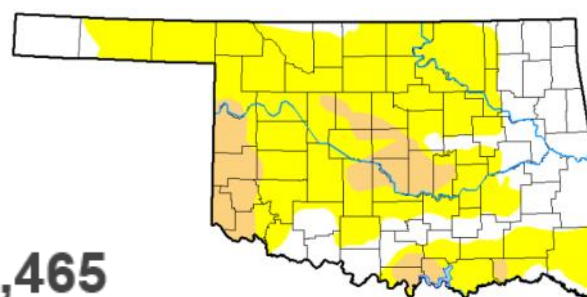
# U.S. Drought Monitor

## Regional Map Week of 30 MAY 2017

Week	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current <a href="#">2017-06-27</a>	30.33	69.67	12.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week <a href="#">2017-06-20</a>	73.11	26.89	3.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago <a href="#">2017-03-28</a>	7.24	92.76	77.80	36.07	2.99	0.00
Start of Calendar Year <a href="#">2016-12-27</a>	5.63	94.37	72.32	45.73	3.14	0.00
Start of Water Year <a href="#">2016-09-27</a>	57.82	42.18	19.04	3.05	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago <a href="#">2016-06-28</a>	77.65	22.35	5.86	0.00	0.00	0.00

### U.S. Drought Monitor Oklahoma

Estimated Population in Drought Areas: **1,053,465**



#### Intensity:

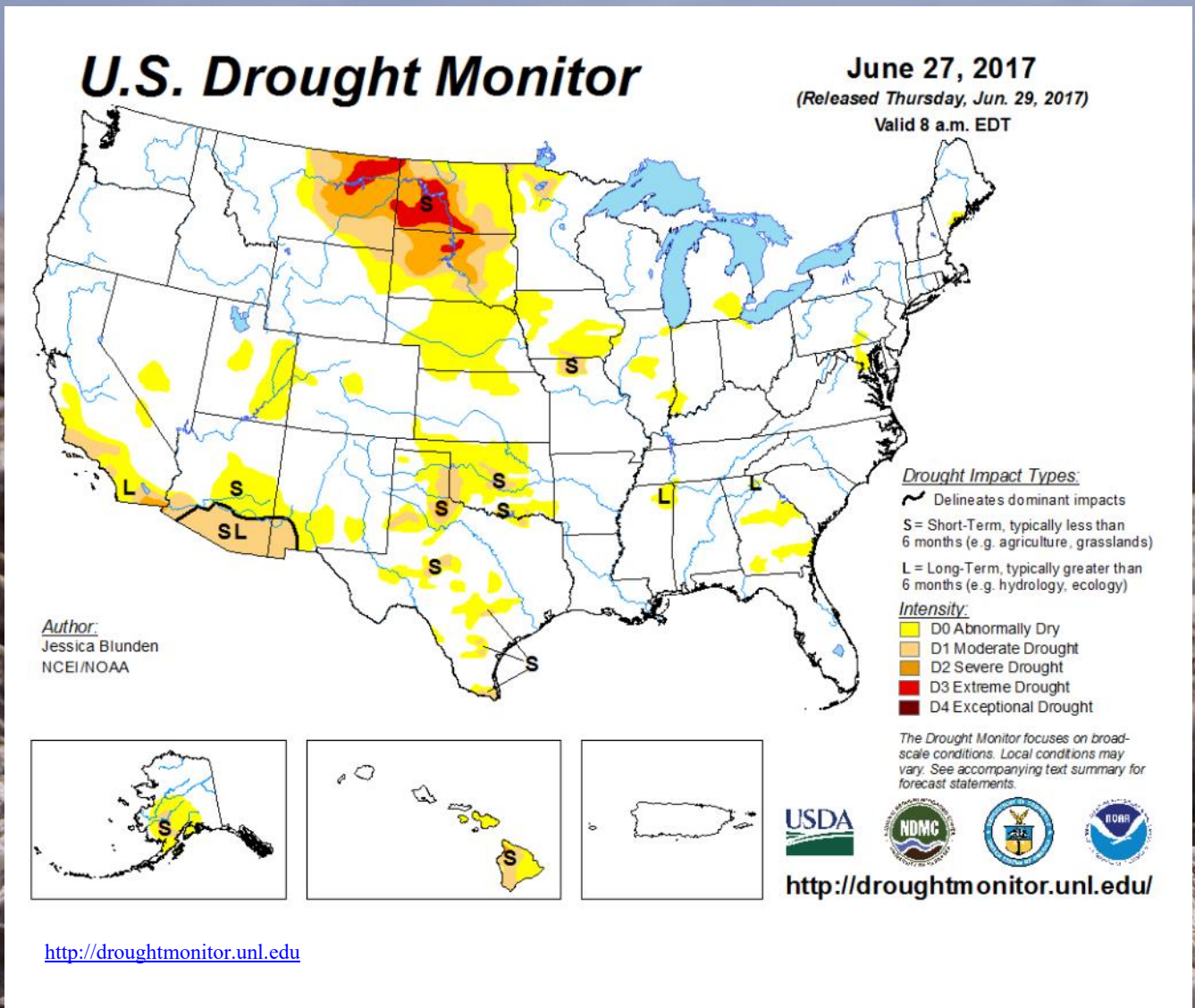
■ D0 - Abnormally Dry  
■ D1 - Moderate Drought  
■ D2 - Severe Drought

■ D3 - Extreme Drought  
■ D4 - Exceptional Drought

<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/Home/StateDroughtMonitor.aspx?OK>



# U.S. Drought Monitor Nationwide Map



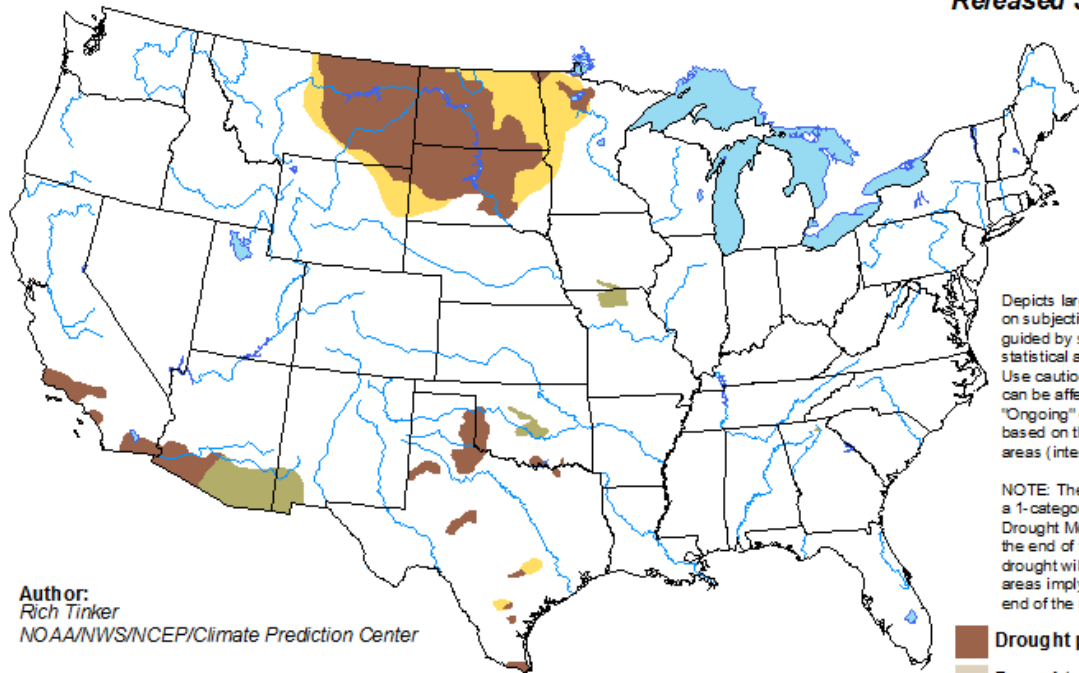


# U.S. Drought Monitor

## Monthly Drought Outlook Map

### U.S. Monthly Drought Outlook Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for July 2017  
Released June 30, 2017



Author:  
Rich Tinker  
NOAA/NWS/NCEP/Climate Prediction Center

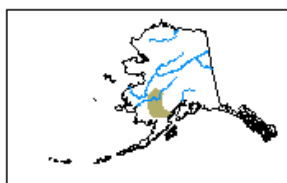
Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Use caution for applications that can be affected by short lived events. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4).

NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none).

- Drought persists
- Drought remains but improves
- Drought removal likely
- Drought development likely



<http://go.usa.gov/3eZGd>



[http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/expert\\_assessment/mdo\\_summary.php](http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/expert_assessment/mdo_summary.php)

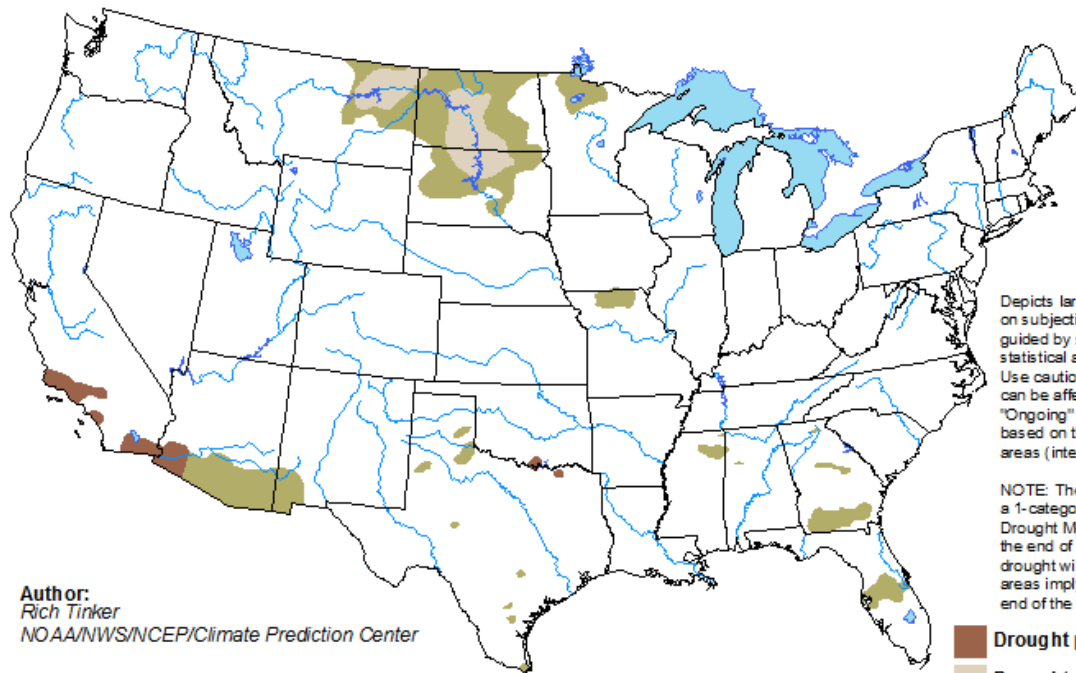


# U.S. Drought Monitor

## Seasonal Drought Outlook Map

### U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for June 15 - September 30, 2017  
Released June 15, 2017



Author:  
Rich Tinker  
NOAA/NWS/NCEP/Climate Prediction Center

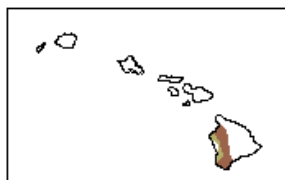
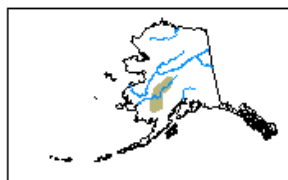
Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Use caution for applications that can be affected by short lived events. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4).

NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none).

- Drought persists
- Drought remains but improves
- Drought removal likely
- Drought development likely



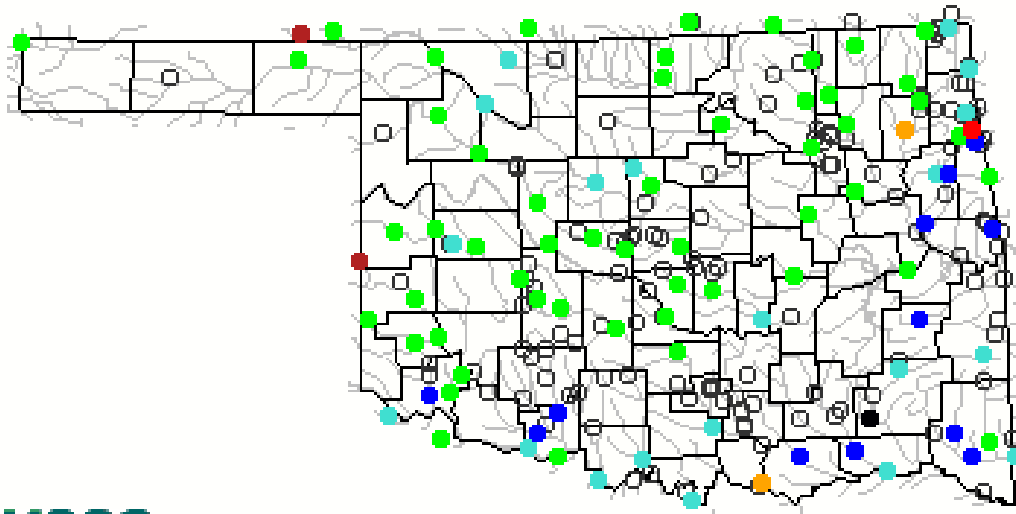
<http://go.usa.gov/3eZ73>



[http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/expert\\_assessment/sdo\\_summary.php](http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/expert_assessment/sdo_summary.php)

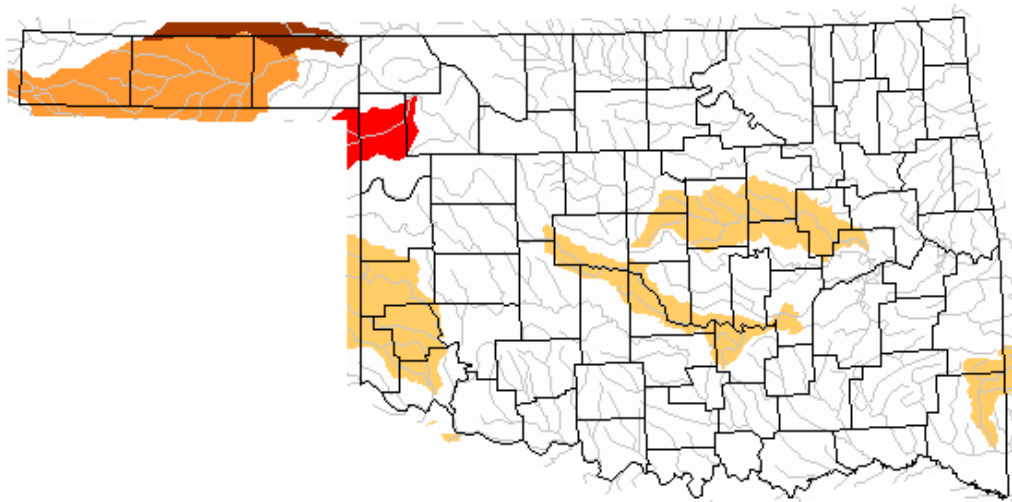
# USGS Streamflow Data

Wednesday, July 05, 2017 12:30ET



Explanation - Percentile classes							
<span style="color: red;">●</span>	<span style="color: red;">●</span>	<span style="color: orange;">●</span>	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	<span style="color: cyan;">●</span>	<span style="color: blue;">●</span>	<span style="color: black;">●</span>	<span style="color: gray;">○</span>
Low	<10 Much below normal	10-24 Below normal	25-75 Normal	76-90 Above normal	>90 Much above normal	High	Not-ranked

Tuesday, July 04, 2017



**Below normal 28-day average streamflow**

Explanation - Percentile classes				
<span style="background-color: red; width: 20px; height: 10px; display: inline-block;"></span>	<span style="background-color: darkorange; width: 20px; height: 10px; display: inline-block;"></span>	<span style="background-color: orange; width: 20px; height: 10px; display: inline-block;"></span>	<span style="background-color: yellow; width: 20px; height: 10px; display: inline-block;"></span>	<span style="background-color: lightgray; width: 20px; height: 10px; display: inline-block;"></span>
Low	<=5	6-9	10-24	Insufficient data for a hydrologic region
Extreme hydrologic drought	Severe hydrologic drought	Moderate hydrologic drought	Below normal	

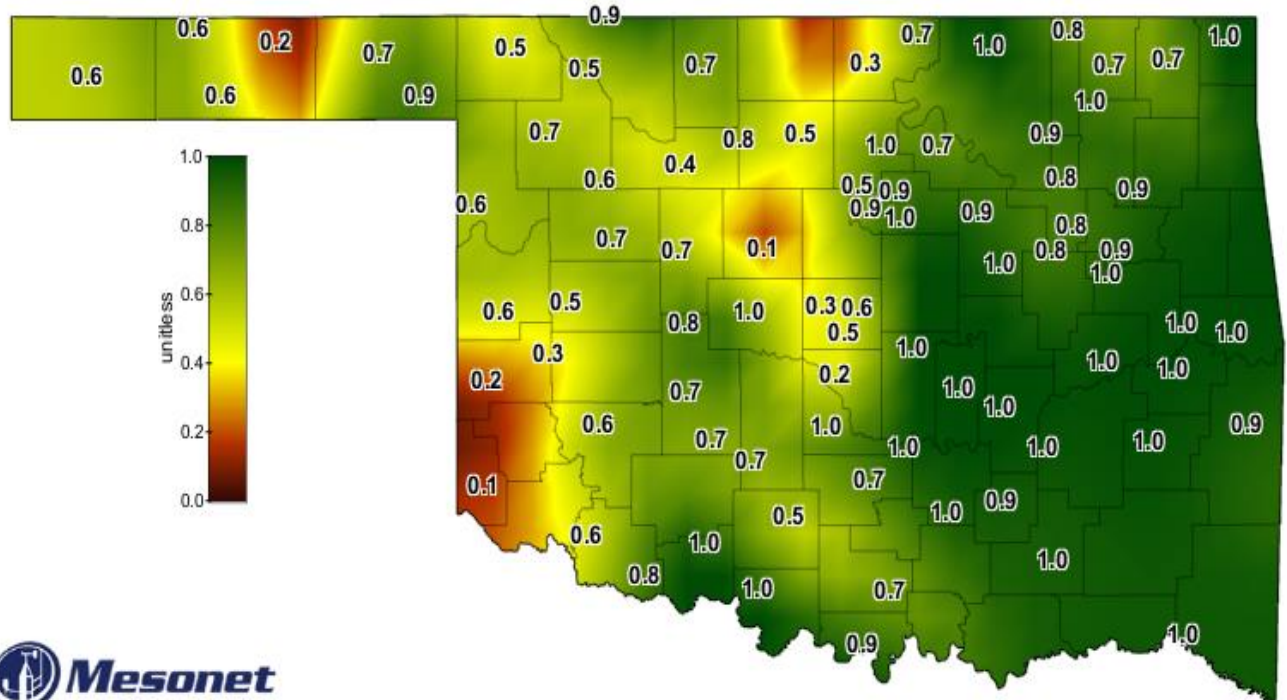
<https://waterdata.usgs.gov/ok/nwis/rt>

<http://ok.water.usgs.gov/drought/>





# SOIL MOISTURE MAP



1-day Average 24-inch Fractional Water Index

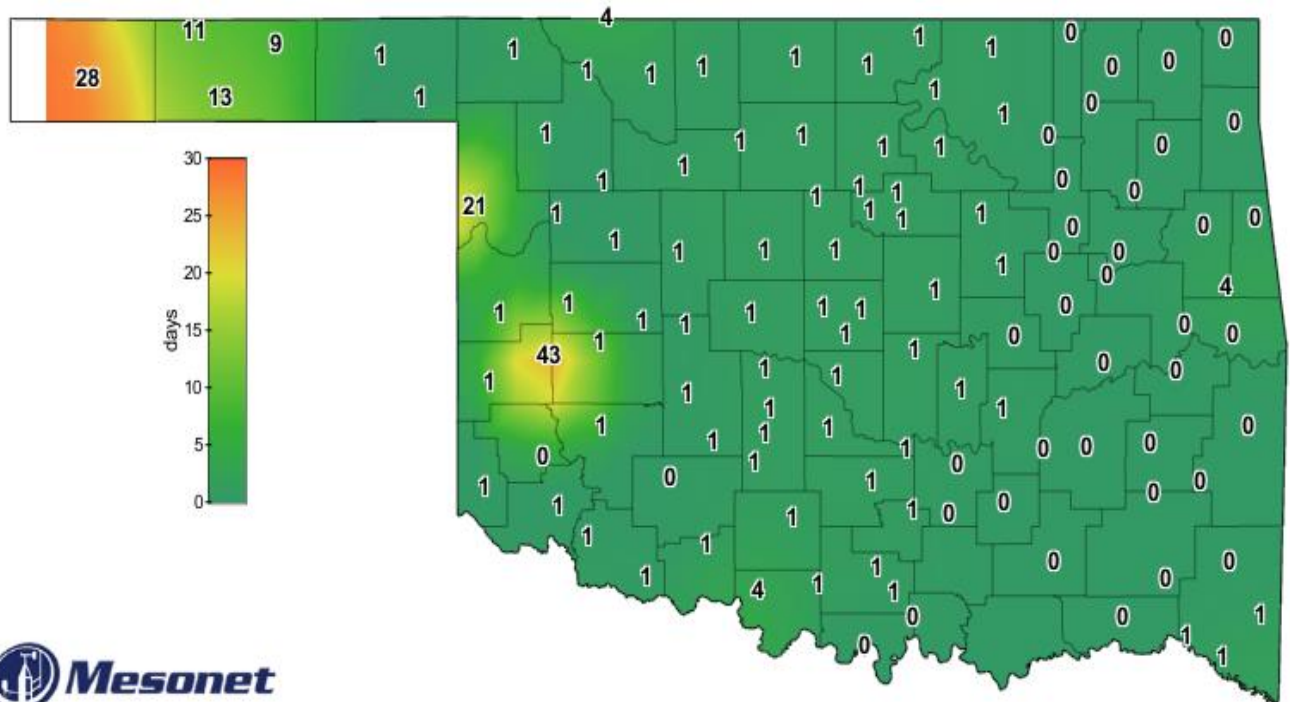
July 4, 2017

Created 7:30:14 AM July 5, 2017 CDT. © Copyright 2017



[http://www.mesonet.org/index.php/weather/map/24-inch\\_fractional\\_water\\_index/soil\\_moisture](http://www.mesonet.org/index.php/weather/map/24-inch_fractional_water_index/soil_moisture)

## CONSECUTIVE DAYS WITHOUT RAINFALL MAP



Consecutive Days With Less Than 0.25" Rainfall

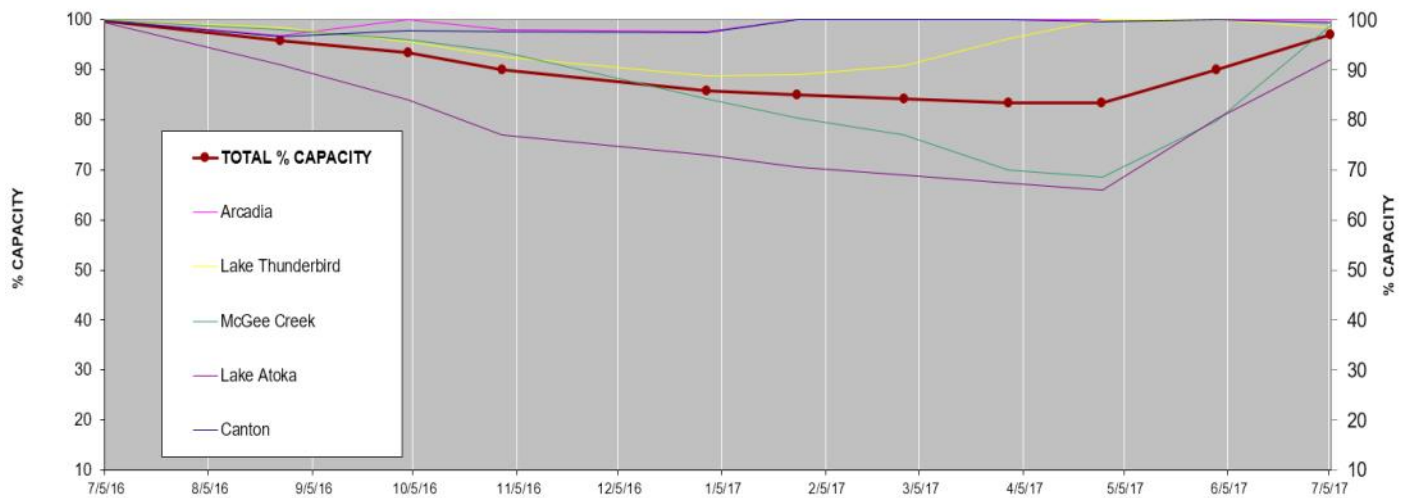
July 4, 2017

Created 8:15:02 AM July 5, 2017 CDT. © Copyright 2017

[http://www.mesonet.org/index.php/weather/map/  
consecutive days with less than 0.25 inches Rainfall/rainfall](http://www.mesonet.org/index.php/weather/map/consecutive%20days%20with%20less%20than%200.25%20inches%20Rainfall/rainfall)



# Percent of Surface Water Conservation Storage Central OK Reservoirs



Lake Hefner and Lake Overholser are terminal storage for Canton Lake. Lake Draper is terminal storage for McGee Creek and Atoka Lakes.

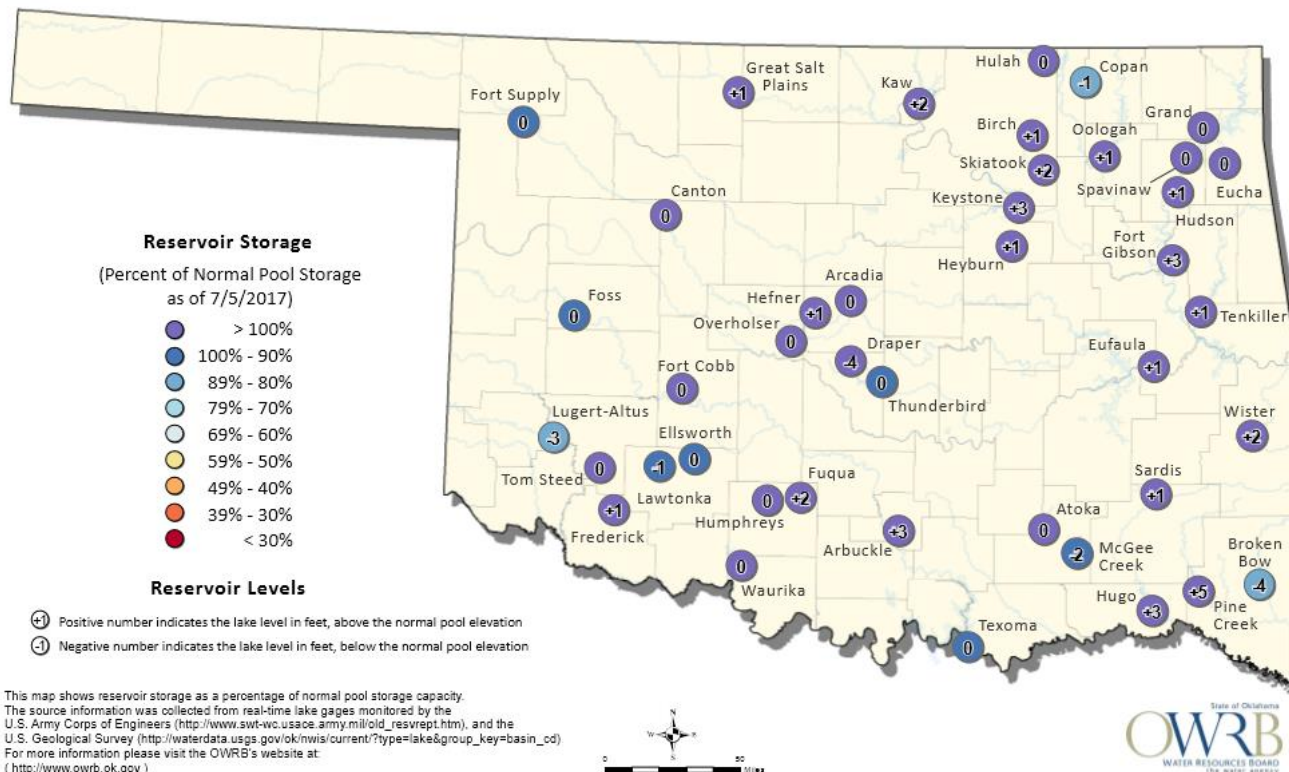
LAKE	% CAPACITY	% CHANGE FROM 6/1/2017
Canton	99.4	-0.6
Arcadia	100.0	0.0
Lake Thunderbird	98.4	-1.6
McGee Creek	98.9	19.0
Lake Atoka	92.0	11.8
<b>TOTAL % CAPACITY</b>	<b>97.1</b>	<b>7.1</b>

[http://www.swt-wc.usace.army.mil/old\\_resv rept.htm](http://www.swt-wc.usace.army.mil/old_resv rept.htm) [http://waterdata.usgs.gov/ok/nwis/dv/?site\\_no=07333010&agency\\_cd=USGS&referred\\_module=sw](http://waterdata.usgs.gov/ok/nwis/dv/?site_no=07333010&agency_cd=USGS&referred_module=sw)

The graph is the amount of water stored in five major lakes that supply water to central Oklahoma as a percent of capacity over the past year.

## Oklahoma Surface Water Resources

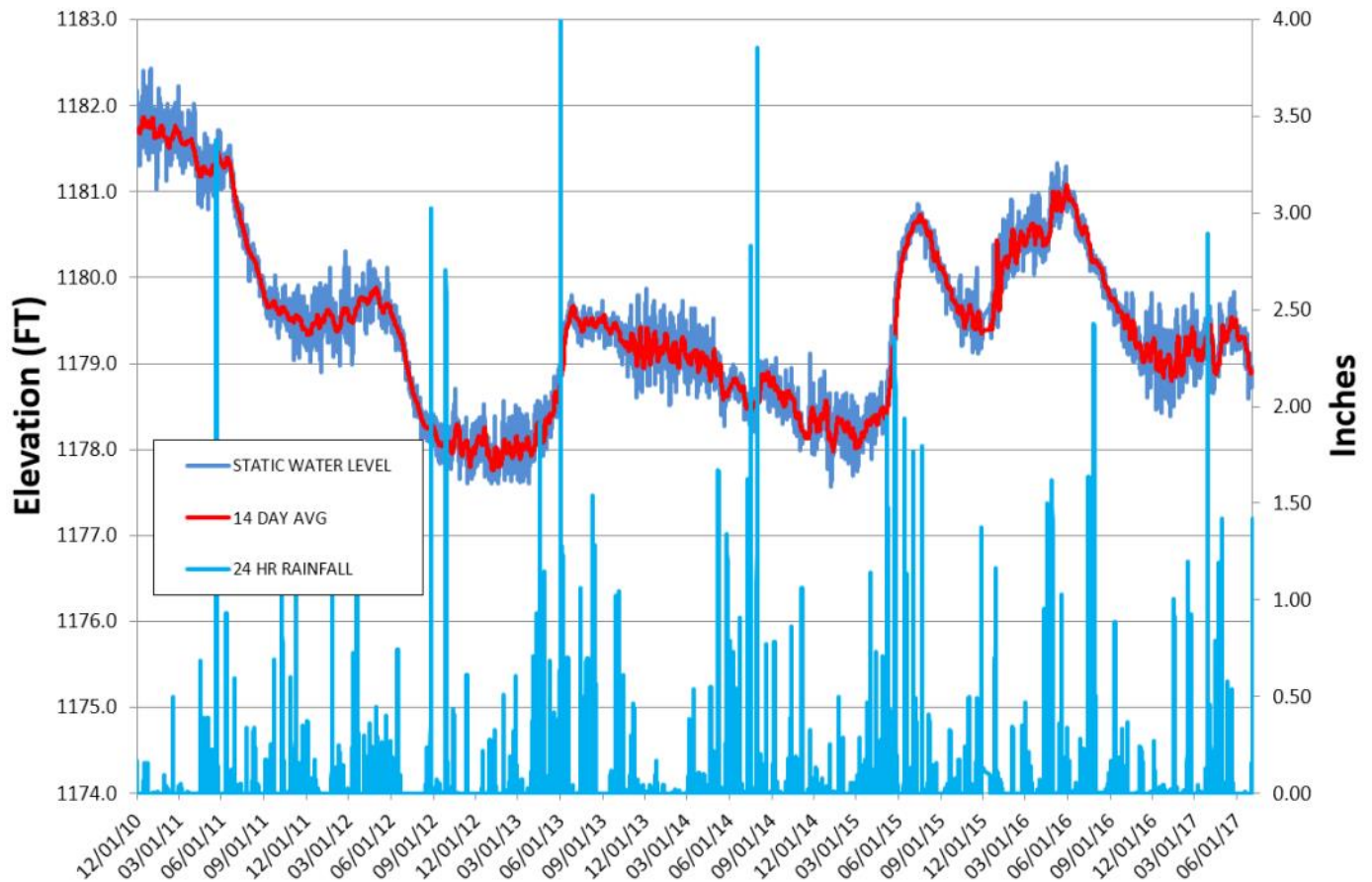
### Reservoir Levels and Storage as of 7/5/2017



[http://www.owrb.ok.gov/maps/pdf\\_map/Monthly%20Reservoir%20Storage.pdf](http://www.owrb.ok.gov/maps/pdf_map/Monthly%20Reservoir%20Storage.pdf)



## Groundwater Levels Spencer Mesonet Station



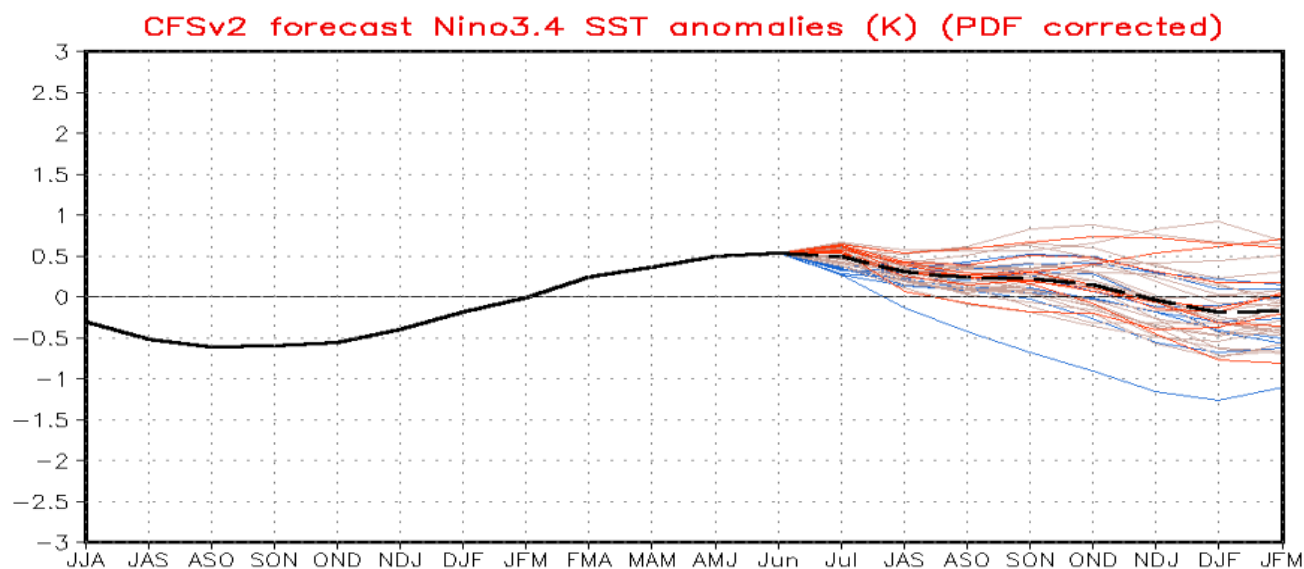
<http://www.mesonet.org/index.php/weather/groundwater>



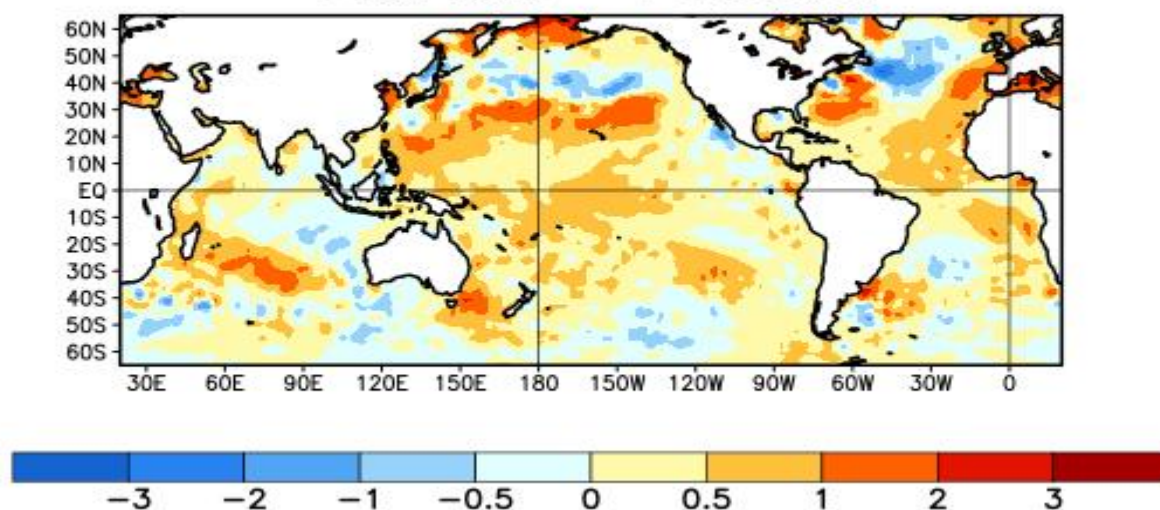


# ENSO Cycle

## Recent Evolution, Current Status and Predictions



Average SST Anomalies  
4 JUN 2017 – 1 JUL 2017



### Summary



ENSO Alert System Status: Not Active

- ENSO-neutral conditions are present.
- Equatorial sea surface temperatures (SSTs) are near-to-above average across most of the Pacific Ocean.
- ENSO-neutral and El Niño are nearly equally favored during the Northern Hemisphere fall 2017.